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# ROOSEVELT IMPOSES EMBARGO ON WAR MATERIALS TO JAPAN All Countries Affected Except England

## CHINESE TROOPS IN ACTION

### Indo-China Border Clashes

CHUNGKING, Sept. 27 (Reuter).—Clashes are taking place between Chinese and Japanese forces on the Kwangsi-Indo-China border, where the Chinese are attacking the rear of the Japanese forces entering Indo-China, according to a military spokesman here.

A message from Kwangsi states that the Japanese suffered 1,000 casualties in the Dongdang clash.

It is said that fighting is taking place east and west of Pingherkwan.

A reasonable possibility of Sino-French co-operation is seen by the spokesman.

*Watchful Waiting*  
SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

CHUNGKING, Sept. 26 (UP).—The Chinese Foreign Office spokesman answering questions to-day regarding the situation in Indo-China and whether or not Chinese troops would plunge across the border said:

"Our troops are adopting the measure of watchful waiting on the southwest border. The original plan of self-defence announced by Mr. Wang Chung-hui, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, has not been changed."

Asked whether the French authorities had extended an invitation to the Chinese Government for Chinese military aid, he said: "So far no formal request has been made by the French—please note my word 'formal'."

*Will Act Independently*

When asked whether China was dependent upon an invitation from the French, the spokesman replied: "No... It depends upon our own decision."

He added that the Chinese Government did not contemplate breaking off diplomatic relations with Vichy should the French plan be carried out in full because the situation in Indo-China presents various possibilities at the moment.

*Chinese Mystified*

CHUNGKING, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The Chinese are still mystified by the Indo-China developments.

Upon the request of the Indo-China authorities, the Chinese despatched a special airplane to the Indo-China border to bring an Indo-China representative for discussions, but the Chinese plane arrived at the border no French representative appeared.

Meanwhile it is learned that Vichy has been declining Chinese assistance in Indo-China.

*Hanoi Bombed*

CHUNGKING, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Authoritative foreign sources here have received telegrams from Hanoi stating that Japanese aircraft bombed Hanoi and Hanoi to-day.

When Japanese aircraft appeared over Hanoi, they dropped three small bombs.

French anti-aircraft fire drove away the raiders, who later returned for a second visit but dropped no bombs.

*Won't Have Interference*

TOYKO, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The daily newspaper, "Hochi," says that Japan's determination is "too firm to be shaken by foreign pressure or intervention."

The journal warns Britain and America that they court a grave situation if they persist in their anti-Japanese attitude.

## Plane Finds Survivors From City of Benares

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—A Sunderland flying boat of the Coastal Command yesterday found 46 survivors, including children, of the torpedoed "City" boat 600 miles from land.

They were picked up by a British warship and are expected to land in a British port to-night.

The survivors had been adrift since their ship was torpedoed in mid-Atlantic on September 17 while taking British children to Canada under the evacuation scheme.



President Roosevelt

Special to the "Telegraph"

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 26, (UP).—THE UNITED STATES HAS PLACED AN EMBARGO ON SHIPMENTS OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, AND IMPORTANT WAR MATERIALS TO ALL COUNTRIES INCLUDING JAPAN OUTSIDE THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE, WITH THE EXCEPTION OF GREAT BRITAIN. THE EMBARGO BECOMES EFFECTIVE ON OCTOBER 16.

Of the large number of nations affected Japan alone has been a consistent heavy purchaser, Italy's recent heavy trade having been cut off by the British blockade.

### AIMED AT JAPAN

President Roosevelt's announcement of the embargo stressed that the measure is intended to conserve the United States supplies of scrap, but Mr. Stephen Early, White House Secretary, to-day revealed that the President has been preoccupied with the Far Eastern crisis due to Japan's action in Indo-China and the dispute regarding control in Shanghai.

"The President has been virtually continuously in consultation, mainly by telephone, with Mr. Cordell Hull on the Far Eastern situation," Mr. Early said.

### PETROLEUM MAY BE NEXT

He added that he had no information regarding the reports that the embargo might soon be proclaimed on all grades of petroleum.

The White House announcement avoided any reference whatsoever to the situation in the Orient.

Japan purchased approximately one third of America's exports of iron and steel scrap during the first seven months of 1940, according to Department of Commerce figures.

The total exported was 1,796,000 tons of which 523,000 tons went to Japan and 590,000 tons to Great Britain.

During the corresponding period in 1939 Japan took a total of 1,155,000 tons from a total of 2,123,000 tons exported, compared with Britain's 264,000 tons.

### Text of Announcement

"Domel" gives the text of the announcement which is as follows: "The President has approved early establishment of additional controls on the exportation of iron and steel scrap with a view to conserving available supply to meet the rapidly expanding requirements of the defense programme in this country."

"Effective October 16 all outstanding licences which have been granted pursuant to the existing regulations of July 26 for the exportation of No. 1 heavy melting steel scrap will be revoked."

"On October 16 the exportation of all grades of iron and steel scrap will be placed under the licensing system. The new exportation limitation will be applied to 75 types of iron and steel scrap."

"Under the new regulation which will be made effective on October 16 licences will be issued to permit shipments to the countries in the Western Hemisphere and Great Britain only."

## OTHER SIDE OF PICTURE

### —Britons Carry On

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Mr. Herbert Morrison, Minister of Supply, told employees at provincial works that Germany's attempt to interrupt or prevent work in our arms factories had hitherto conspicuously failed.

With isolated exceptions, the damage German bombers had inflicted on our war production machine had been vastly less than enemy must have expected when the attacks were first launched, he said.

Moreover, since the introduction of the new policy of continuing work in air raid warnings, there was less danger close at hand and it was becoming apparent that the enemy was not meeting with the success for which he had hoped.

### S'HAI STRIKE

#### Three Chinese Wounded

SHANGHAI, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Three more Chinese were wounded to-day in Shanghai's strike as the result of a fracas when pickets tried to prevent a tram from working.

The Police fired into the air before the fracas was quelled.

The strike spread to a number of private concerns to-day, but gas, light and water are not yet affected.

*Found By Lamp Signals*

The Australian Sunderland had just been relieved from a convoy escort when it found the lifeboat. The captain flew to the convoy and took the captain of the R.A.F.

TURN to Page 5, Column One

Admitted by friend and foe to be the finest bayonet fighters in the world, British troops manning England's coast are itching to get to grips with the Nazis in hand-to-hand fighting. Neither are they allowing themselves to become out of practice in the art as this picture vividly shows. In the above photograph we see some of the famous Black Watch showing how bayonet charges should be successfully carried out.



## GERMAN RAIDER CAPTURED

By Canadian Auxiliary  
SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

OTTAWA, Sept. 26 (UP).—The German raider Weser, which arrived secretly from Manzanillo, Mexico on July 21 from Puntal Arenas, Costa Rica, departed from Manzanillo at 11:45 p.m. on Wednesday and was intercepted by the Canadian auxiliary cruiser, Prince Robert, which captured the German ship.

"Weser's" story says the Canadian armed merchant cruiser, Prince Robert, captured the German express cargo ship, Weser, off Manzanillo, Mexico.

The capture was announced to-day by the Navy Minister.

The Weser sailed from Manzanillo on Wednesday and was captured last night. The Captain and crew have been transferred to the Prince Robert.

The Weser is being towed to Esquimalt. She is a freighter of 9,000 tons.

The Prince Robert is 7,000 tons.

## LATEST

**R.A.F. Attack Kiel Naval Dockyard**  
**Heavy Bomb Explodes Beside Scharnhorst**  
**—Boulogne Raided**

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The flash of one big explosion was seen very close to the German cruiser Scharnhorst which was lying in the Kiel naval dockyard during last night's R.A.F. raids.

Inst night, according to the Air Ministry.

"In the Berlin area, aircraft of the Bomber Command attacked power stations, railway communications and the Tempelhof aerodrome.

"At Kiel, the docks were bombed. Hamm, Münster, Bremen, and Hanover were also damaged.

"Shipping, barges and quay-side stores at Antwerp, Flushing, Ostend, Dunkirk, Calais and Boulogne were also attacked."

"An aircraft of the Coastal Command shot down an enemy bomber into the sea yesterday afternoon."

"Last night forces of Coastal Command aircraft bombed oil tanks at Brest. The tanks were hit and shipping in the harbour was also severely damaged."

**British Planes Bring Down Nineteen Nazis**

Special to the "Telegraph"

LONDON, Sept. 26 (UP).—It is officially reported that British fighters destroyed 19 German planes, including eleven bombers, during to-day's Nazi raids on England.

Six British machines were lost, but two of the pilots are safe.

*Raiders Lose Bombers*

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—A high proportion of the enemy aircraft brought down in Britain to-day were again bombers.

The Air Ministry and Ministry of Home Security states: "During the morning, enemy aircraft operating for the most part from the east and south coasts, but few of them penetrated inland."

"Nineteen enemy aircraft, including 11 bombers, have been destroyed by our fighters to-day. Six of our fighters are lost but the pilots of two of them are safe."

*Last Night Stay Home*

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—By contrast with yesterday when large

**Anti-Vichy Feeling Grows In Syria**

CAIRO, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Further signs of increasing feeling in Syria against the Vichy Government were reported here to-day.

It is stated that when General de Gaulle intervened at Dakar, numbers of French officers and civilians were arrested by the authorities.

The reason for the arrests is not known, but it is believed that the revolutionaries have been openly showing dissatisfaction with the existing state of affairs and have been demonstrating their loyalty to General de Gaulle.

**VICHY PRISONERS**

VICHY, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Vichy

Aurio, Marx, Dorrey and Jules

Moch, all former Socialist Ministers

have been interned "administratively."

## 31 NAZI PLANES DOWN

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—An Air Ministry communiqué states that it is now known that 31 enemy aircraft, 15 of them bombers, have been destroyed by the R.A.F. to-day by our fighters.

Eight of our fighter aircraft are lost but three of the pilots are safe.

See Back Page For  
Further Late News

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3rd. \$20 4th. \$12.50.

## SECTION TWO

Portraits: Informal Close-up: Human Studies.

1st. Silver Cup, 2nd. \$30

3rd. \$20 4th. \$12.50

## SECTION THREE

Still Life and Table Top Studies.

1st. Silver Cup 2nd. \$30

3rd. \$20 4th. \$12.50

## SECTION FOUR

(Craftsmen's Section)

The whole of the work entailed in the production of every entry must have been done by the competitors who will be required to make a declaration to this effect. Each entry must have pasted on the back a special entry form obtainable on application from the Hongkong Telegraph or from the Hon. Secretary, Hongkong Photographic Society. Subjects at the discretion of competitors.

1st. Silver Cup, 2nd. \$30.

3rd. \$20. 4th. \$12.50.

## RULES

The following Rules will govern the Competition:

1. The Competition is confined exclusively to amateur photographers.

2. No employee or member of any firm in the photographic trade is permitted to compete.

3. The prizes will be awarded to the competitors sending in what are adjudged to be the best photographs in each Section. Each entry must be accompanied by a form which will be published during the period of the Competition, and which must be pasted on the back of the entry.

4. The right to publish any or all of the entries is reserved to the Hongkong Telegraph.

5. All photographs entered must have been taken within the last 12 months. Photographs which have been already entered in other Competitions are ineligible.

6. No responsibility will be accepted for damage or loss of, or damage to entries.

7. All entries to be either black, sepia, or toned pictures, and must be mounted. Coloured photographs will not be accepted.

8. Pictures submitted in sepia tones should be accompanied by a smaller print in black and white.

9. No picture to exceed in more than one Section.

10. Pictures to be not more than 10x12, 16x20.

11. No correspondence will be entered into in connection with the Competition.

12. Members of the Staffs of the Hongkong Telegraph and the South China Morning Post are not permitted to compete.

13. The decision of the Judges shall be final.

14. At the conclusion of the Competition, entries will be returned to competitors on application at the Telegraph offices within seven days.

## ENTRY FORM

NAME .....

SECTION .....

ADDRESS .....

Please use block letters and paste this on back of each Entry in sections 1, 2 and 3.

COUNT THE  
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## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## GOVERNMENT OF HONG KONG

## ASSISTANT IMMIGRATION OFFICER

In connection with the proposed establishment of an Immigration Department in Hong Kong, applications are invited for posts of temporary Assistant Immigration Officer.

The approximate salary of the posts will be \$450 per mensem (inclusive), and appointments will be terminable at one month's notice.

Applicants should be British subjects of pure European descent between the ages of 21 and 28 and should have passed the London matriculation examination or a recognised equivalent examination.

Applications should be addressed to Mr. J. H. B. Lee, c/o Secretariat for Chinese Affairs.

## A. R. P. ORDERS

## Announcements For The Current Week

A.R.P. Orders issued by Wing-Commander S. S. Steele-Purvis, O.A.C.T., Director of Air Raid Precautions, State Strength Decrease.

The following resignations have been accepted:

Eastern Division—H.023 Yu Ding-man.

H.024 Pu-jiam. H.890 Li Shick-chuen.

Yau-mati Division—K.332 Chan Chit.

Mongkok Division—K.532 Chan Wal-piu.

K.885 Li Ching-tat.

## Leave of Absence

Mr. G. A. Pentreath returned from leave on September 21, 1940, and resumes his duties as Mr. R. H. Ward, Warden, Hong Kong, on that date.

## Change Of Address

H.083 Miss Wong Yuen-fong to 7 Illumination Terrace, 1st floor, Bay View, K.1020 Yick Chung-keung.

Wardens' Office, 2nd floor, Hing-hung, 1st fl., Cheung Chung-yan to 733 Nathan Road, Mongkok.

## Promotions

The following promotions are notified with effect from September 23, 1940:

Mongkok Division—To be Senior Warden Deputy Senior Warden K.530 Po Sui-hung.

Bay View Division—To be Senior Warden, H.29 Li Ching-hai.

## Reversion

Senior Warden, K.537 Li Shu-ming reverts to rank of Deputy Senior Warden at his own request as from September 19, 1940.

## Meeting

Shau-hui-pu—There will be a meeting District Warden and Deputy District Warden on Thursday, September 25, 1940, at 6.15 p.m. at Kee Kuk Street Dispensary.

## Training

Shau-hui-pu—The inter-district competition for the Divisional Warden's Cup will be held on Sunday, September 28, 1940, commencing at 2.30 p.m. in uniform, helmet and respirators.

Yau-mati Division—A divisional exercise will be held at 2.30 hours on October 1, 1940, at 2.30 p.m. on October 10, 1940, as previously arranged.

## Instructional Courses

Telephonists—Those wishing to undergo a course of training as telephonists in A.R.P. Repair Centres are required to give their names to A.R.P. Headquarters, stating whether they would prefer to attend lectures in Hongkong or Kowloon.

Wardens (E. 29) in English will be given on Tuesdays and Fridays at the A.R.P. Club, King's Park, commencing on Friday, October 1, 1940, at 8.30 p.m. Lecturer: Mr. G. F. G. L. A.R.P. Members of the general public who wish to qualify as Wardens are requested to report to the lectures at the time and place stated.

## Comment in "Times"

New York, Sept. 24.

"The march of events abroad is forcing America to a critical decision," declares the New York Times. "We see two wars—Europe and Asia—merging into one great drive for spoils. We see Japan deliberately setting out to make Indo-China part of her Empire and see Hitler holding out new inducements to Japan to enter full-fledged alliance with the Reich, doubtless aimed primarily at Britain and secondly at ourselves. It is to our interest as a Pacific Power that the Chinese people continue their resistance. The first step is additional credit to enable those hard pressed people to acquire weapons of self defence....United Press.

## Examination Results

At an examination held recently the following qualified as A.R.P. Instructors, L.A.R.P.S.

Lt. Commander S. J. Horwell, R.N.

Lt. Warden, C. G. C. L. A.R.P.

The following qualified as an Air Raid Warden but is not available for A.R.P. Service: Mr. P. Dharwood, P.W.O.

## Strength-Increase

The following were qualified as War-time examinations are taken on the strength and posted to Divisions as follows:

Central Division—Cheung Hong-hung, Ng Po-hung, Pun Sing-man, Lam Wing-keung, Lau Chee-kuo, Cheung Wai-keung, Chow Fook-wah, Li Sui-hung, Ho Koon-ches, William Wong, Wong Yau-keung, Nguk-kin, Liang Hong.

Upper Levels Division—Lai Kwan-kwan, Leung Sin-cheung, Lau Chak-chung, Wong Lun, Tseu Tak-chee, Chan King-cheung, Chan Ying-tak, Tam Pak-keung, Mui Chan, Yau-keung, Chan Yu-tiu, Lau Chai-fai, Leo Tai-ku, Miss Sui Kwai-sing, Miss Sin Ching-yu, Miss Li Yuk-keung, Miss Li Yuk-mui, Miss Ling Sui-keung, Miss Law Wai-chu, Miss Wong Bau-fons, Miss Sui Kwai-wan, Chung Kit, The Yuk-wing.

Eastern Division—Miss Chan Wai-fong, Miss Kwai-sing, Man Yu-keung, Li Chi-hung, Keung Soon-yu, Miss Leung Lui-ping, Tang Chi-man, Tang Wal-choi, Ho-ping, Liung Yau-keung, Pak Ngai-sang, Li Man-tsun, Chak Kwok-wai, Ip Yuk-pui, Chan Sui-fee, Cheung Wai-fong.

Ling View Division—Tung Yiu-tina, Kowloon City, Wong Yau-keung, Wong Ling, Mui Chi Ling-lop, You Shue-chun, Chung Kam-chol.

Yau-mati Division—Tam Cheuk, Shau-hui-pu Division—Wong Chi-chiu, Miss Young, Pak-chun, Li Nai-woon.

Mongkok Division—Chow Wing-cheung, Miss Tam Ngai-tak, Miss Ling Sau-kuon, Tam Kuk-kwan, Miss Chan Kin-hing, Li Shui-chong.

## Notice

Will the following Warden please send her present address to: A.R.P. Office, 2nd floor, 28 Murray Hill Road, Happy Valley—H.29 Miss Chung Yuk-man.

(sgd.) B. H. Puckez.

Deputy Director of Air Raid Precautions.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

## BOMBS ON HAIPHONG

## 2,000 Japanese Are Landed

Haiphong, Sept. 26. Japanese planes dropped four bombs on the native quarter, near the railway station, to-day, causing 15 native casualties.

Two thousand troops were landed, including a column of tanks. The troops marched through the streets to the specially prepared garrison.

United Press.

Private information received in Hongkong last night stated that the bombs fell in the vicinity of Avenue Doumer and that 12 people were killed and 15 injured.

It was also stated that in addition to landing troops at Haiphong, the Japanese sent seven contingents ashore at Boston, a seaport resort 20 miles south of Haiphong, in contravention of the agreement.

French troops were sent to the spot but there were no hostiles.

## Vichy Denial

Vichy, Sept. 26. The Government has authorised an official denial of foreign reports that Vichy has revoked the Franco-Japanese agreement. The Foreign Office spokesman said it was an absolute fabrication and a downright lie without the slightest foundation.

The actual situation, he said, was that Tokyo was doing its utmost to settle the border incident....United Press.

## International Outlaw

New York, Sept. 26. "Japan is off on a career of completely immoral opportunism which is bound to bring her to a head-on collision with this country very shortly," declares the Herald-Tribune to-day. There is no reason why America should not—as a token of the eventual settlement which Japan is beginning—to take every diplomatic and economic measure which will help the Japanese people to understand that their nation is an international outlaw hopelessly committed to the game of dodging the eternal sheriff.

## Training

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## Examination Results

At an examination held recently the following qualified as an Air Raid Warden but is not available for A.R.P. Service: Mr. P. Dharwood, P.W.O.

## Strength-Increase

The following telegrams have been received by the Acting Governor, Lieut.-Col. E. F. Norton, from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, London, in reply to a message sent on behalf of the Colony to Their Majesties, congratulating them on their escape from the recent German bombing attack:

Your telegram has been laid before the King who has commanded me to convey to the people of Hongkong on expression of his sincere thanks for the message.

Their Majesties are deeply touched by concern for their safety and welfare which is being shown by so many of their people in all parts of the Empire.

## SINGAPORE DEFENCES

## SEAFTHIS AND EAST SURREYS

Singapore, Sept. 26. The newspapers to-day were permitted to announce the arrival of a British submarine in the South China Sea, adding that the major part of the crew was saved.

The communiqué further stated that the British had renewed their air bombardment of Tobiuk and had dropped bombs on Juri Solo in Kaya and on Adigala and Galabat on the Sudan-Abyssinian frontier.

Reuter.

## British Raid Tobruk

Rome, Sept. 26. A communiqué issued to-day stated—"In North Africa our aviation effected a night bombardment of the airfield at El Daba.

The enemy again bombed Tobruk, although hampered by prompt action both by land and naval anti-aircraft defence. One enemy plane was shot down for certain, and probably three others. Our chasers intervened and prevented the return of enemy planes to their bases, bringing down three more.

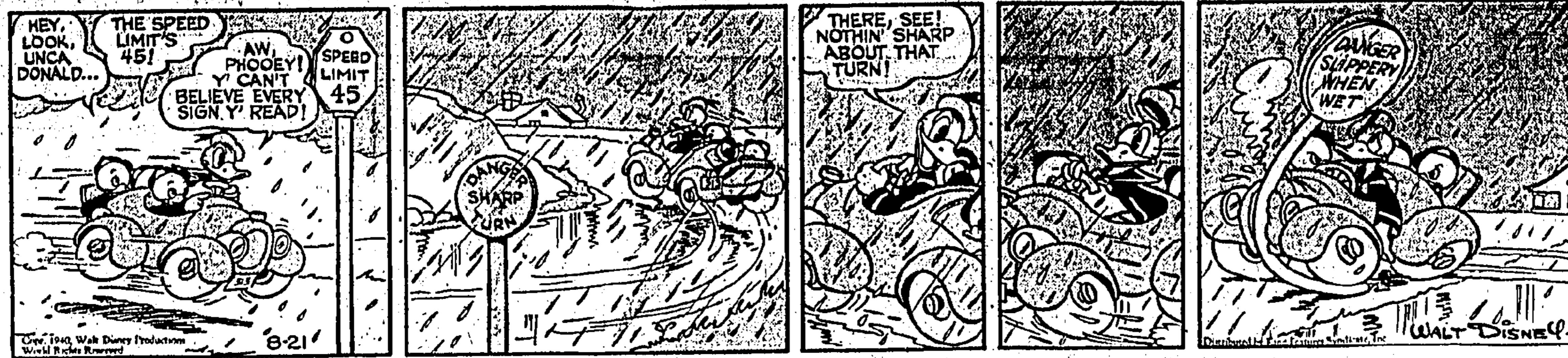
Some civilian houses and a field hospital were damaged. Five were killed and 10 were wounded, two being women....United Press.

## ITALIAN DESTROYER SUNK

London, Sept. 26. A communiqué issued in Rome to-day stated that a destroyer was sunk by a British submarine in the Ionian Sea, adding that the major part of the crew was saved.

The communiqué further stated that the British had renewed their air bombardment of Tobruk and had dropped bombs on Juri Solo in Kaya and on Adigala and Galabat on the Sudan-Abyssinian frontier.

## DONALD DUCK

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8-21

By Walt Disney

## "THE WINNING SPIRIT"

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FINE O.M. CLUB WHISKYWHY PAY MORE WHEN  
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## MAGAZINE PAGE

## MY SON, MY SON!

Continuing Howard Spring's Best Selling Novel

What ironical purpose there may be behind these things, or what harsh, meaningless caprices of a Fate more stupid than cunning, I do not know; but it was while returning from her devotions at Chapel one evening that winter that Nellie was struck by an automobile. The injury was serious; by the time I reached her bedside she was dead.

With an unreasoning feeling of guilt that no amount of rationalizing could altogether drown I wore mourning for her for nearly a year, not only on my coat-sleeve, but in the brooding, melancholy thoughts that dogged me.

But when, at the end of the year, we all moved to London, my past life with Nellie seemed to recede almost abruptly. I heeded Dermot's urgent plea to consider this new move an advance in a new life, a fresh page of my existence, and to Sheehan's impudent, symbolic gesture of snapping the mourning bands from the sleeves of all my coats.

I began to take a renewed interest in my work. Many years ago Dermot's daughter Maeve, then a fiery little girl more devoted to play-acting than to mastering her ABC's, had teased me to write a play for her to perform when she grew up.

Now Maeve was a lovely young woman of eighteen, with a pale, ethereal face and eyes a kindle with the inner fire she had inherited from her parents.

She had spent the previous summer touring the provinces in a stock company, getting experience in the fundamentals of acting. Now she renewed her demands that I write her a play.

Eager for something to work on and spurred by the child's enthusiasm, I sat down and dramatized my novel, "Every Street."

For sometime the London producer, Wertheim, had been begging me to do just this; when I finally turned the play script over to him I extracted his promise that Maeve should play the lead, provided only that she showed herself capable.

The opening of "Every Street", was one of the brilliant affairs of the London season.

Not least among its joys for me was the fact that Oliver had been graduated from Bailliol and had at last come home to live with me. Still his aunt, charming, undisciplined wife, had gone through the University mainly on his account, and on her eccentric ability to bluff herself out of scrapes, backed by Rory O'Rourke's help in patching up the broken pieces of many a situation after him.

Now Oliver was home, to my intense delight, and affably, casually accepted all the luxuries, the expensively furnished rooms, the clothes, the lavish pocket money I was ready to provide him with.

While we finished dressing for the opening of my play, Oliver rhapsodised to me over the charms of the young woman who was to accompany him. He had met her, it seemed, at the home of Fogson, his classmate whose father owned the coal mine. Her name was Livia Vaynol.

"Ah, short for Olivia, I suppose," I smiled. "Oliver—Olivia. Quite harmonious. What's she like?"

"Wait till you see her!"

"Hm. Pretty hard hit, eh, Oliver?"

"Rather!"

The play was a manifest hit, the audience more enthusiastic even than most first-night audiences. Maeve's perfor-

## SYNOPSIS

William Essex, having risen from squalid poverty to become a famous and wealthy novelist, resolves to lavish upon his son, Oliver, all the luxuries he himself lacked in his underprivileged youth. As a result of this indulgence, and despite the protests of Essex's wife, Nellie, the boy grows up a spoilt, unprincipled, though handsome and charming youth. Seeking material for a novel, Essex goes to work as a miner in Yorkshire, and meets a lovely young girl artist. They fall deeply in love, but Essex, remembering his obligation to his unloved wife, leaves the girl abruptly without even telling her name.

"Yes, Yes, of course."

"You're not very hospitable," she exclaimed, going to the fire.

"You shouldn't have come."

"I had to. Because I know what you're thinking about Oliver and me—and you're so wrong! Oliver has absolutely no claim on me. After all, every woman meets men who are attracted to her—who call her 'darling'."

"But Oliver is my son."

"Don't dramatize that!" she said angrily. "True, Oliver liked to take me about, flirt a little. But I never encouraged him. I even told him about you, that I'd met a man I could never forget. And to-night I told him that you were that man."

She looked at me hopefully, with a shaggy little smile. For a long time I said nothing. Then, de-pairingly:

"Why don't you go? Why can't you leave me in peace?"

"Would you be in peace if I left you?"

"No," I acknowledged bitterly. "But even if Oliver means nothing to you, you mean something to him. I'm not going to take you away from him."

"Take me away!" she cried angrily. "Don't dramatize that!" she said angrily. "True, Oliver liked to take me about, flirt a little. But I never encouraged him. I even told him about you, that I'd met a man I could never forget. And to-night I told him that you were that man."

She urged me to go to Oliver, to tell him that she and I loved each other. He was only a boy—he would forget. Still I refused, still I asked her to go away.

"I'll go away," said Livia. "I'll go out of your life, if you'll do just one thing. Look in my eyes and say these simple words: 'Livia Vaynol, I don't love you.' Just say that once, and I'll go."

She stood quite close to me. I forced myself to look into her eyes.

"Livia Vaynol, I ... I don't ..."

As once before, she was suddenly in my arms, and I was wildly kissing her. "I love you ... and I shall love you forever—and ever and ever!"

"You didn't forget," she whispered, her eyes shining.

"Forget? Do the stars forget to shine? Do the flowers forget to bloom? If you ... knew the things I've done—pursuing helpless females up dark streets, peering under umbrellas and ... saying 'Pardon me, Madam—I thought you were ...' but you see, I don't even know your name! For all these months I've only been able to think of you as my sweet—my love—my darling! What is your name?"

"Livia."

"Livia!" The dreadful realisation began to overcome me. "Livia!"

Before she had a chance to speak Oliver barged over to us, with a "There you are darling!"

My sickening fear was confirmed. With a great air of proprietorship and of easy intimacy, he told her they must leave at once for a late supper at the Pogsons'.

Livia hesitated, trembling, wishing to say something, perhaps not knowing quite what. I stood miserably, ill with shock, cut to the marrow by Oliver's searing tone. Then Dermot found us, and before I could speak, dragged me into a room, acknowledging a toast.

"A toast, ladies and gentlemen, to the happiest man in London!"

All raised their glasses and echoed him.

"To the happiest man in London!"

The guests had long since gone, but I knew the futility of going to bed, of trying to sleep. Alternately staring into the fire and pacing the floor, I scarcely heard the knock on the living room door.

Again the knock, louder. I went to the door. There she was, looking pale and tense. I looked at her silently.

"Aren't you going to ask me in?" she demanded at last.

"Of course not, father. If Livia's upset about anything, I had nothing to do with it. I've tried to make this relationship between the three of us congenial as I could."

"And I thought my conduct to—"

It was from Annie, Maeve's old servant, that I learned of the girl's plight.

On the evening of Oliver's and Roy's departure for France the good old dame came to me, tearfully.

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Friday,

HONKONG TELEGRAPH

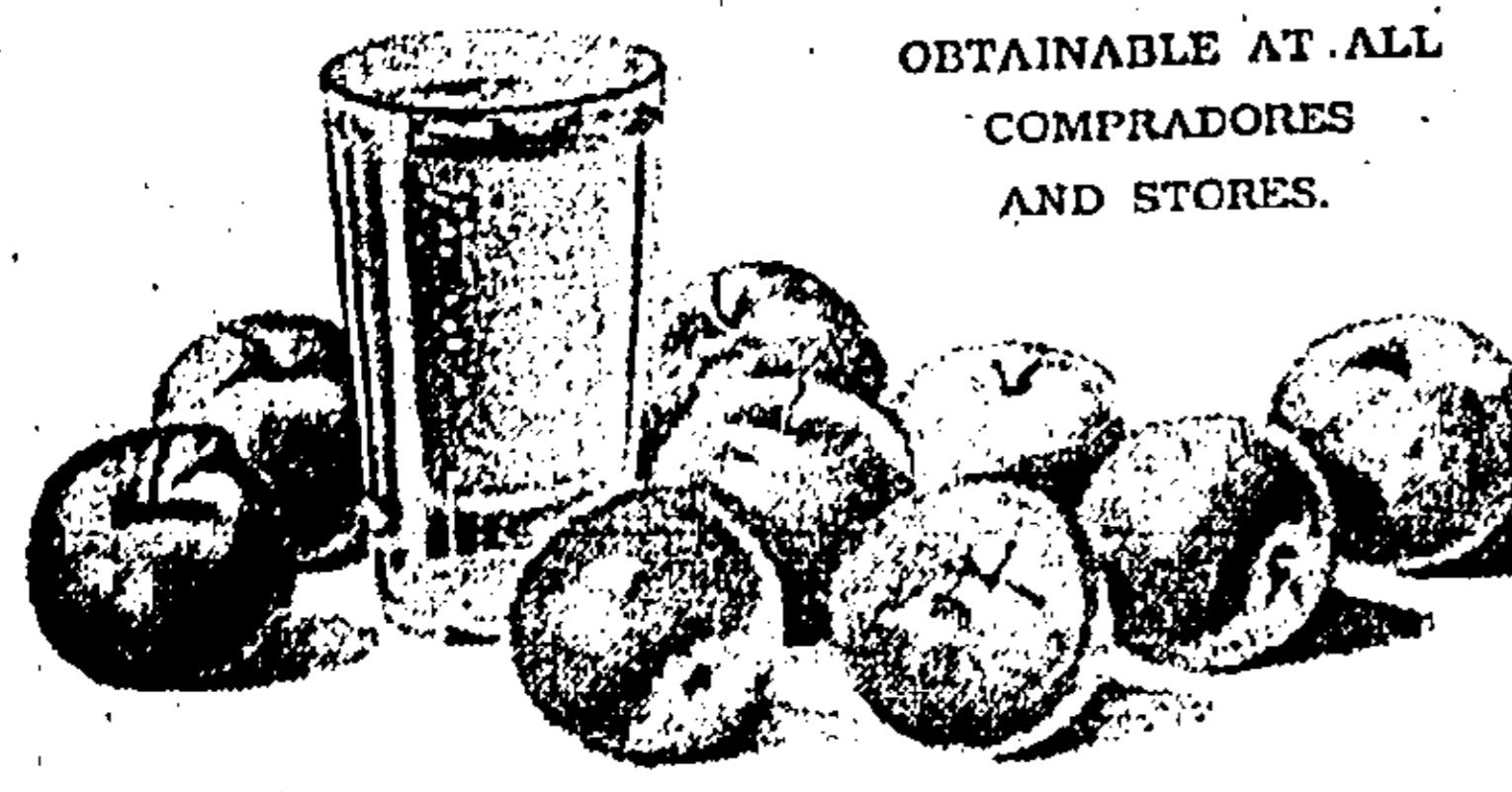
September 27, 1940.

## BULMER'S CIDER

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— MEDIUM SWEET, FRUITY, IT IS AN  
IDEAL DRINK FOR LUNCHEON AND CUPS.

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PRESENTS

MR. LEON CORDON'S

## WHITE CARGO

PRODUCED BY JOHN BURLEY  
IN AID OF THE

SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST  
WAR FUND

IN  
THE WEST LOUNGE THEATRE  
ON  
WEDNESDAY, 9TH OCTOBER, 1940  
FRIDAY, 11TH " "  
SATURDAY, 12TH " "  
AT 9.15 P.M.

TICKETS: \$3.00, \$2.00 & \$1.00  
BOOKINGS NOW OPEN AT Y.M.C.A., KOWLOON  
AND  
ANDERSON MUSIC CO., ICE HOUSE STREET,  
HONKONG

BUILD PERFECT  
HEALTH with these  
5 VITAL ESSENTIALS

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delicious QUAKER OATS



Quaker Oats abounds in health-giving, strength-building  
essentials imparted to it by Nature herself. It is a whole grain  
food unmatched in value for developing strong, healthy bodies

— for energising and revitalising. Its vital nerve-nourishing  
food tonic—Thiamin—alone is invaluable to good health. In  
addition it supplies protein for muscle building; iron for  
rich blood; phosphorus for strong bones, and vast food  
energy for stamina. Eaten every day it fortifies the system—  
keeps you strong and well. Delicious and economical. Buy a  
tin of this whole grain food today.

"THIAMIN" (Vitamin B<sub>1</sub>)  
is a food element that nourishes  
the nerves, promotes energy, aids  
digestion. Vital to perfect health,  
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system daily.



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the carriage.

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through force of habit?...  
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work all day, to wear yourself  
out... to RUB and RUB, in  
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weather resisting wax finish for  
your car.

Try WHIZ LONDON COACH  
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for your automobile and less  
work for you. Your waxing  
troubles like the horse and  
buggy, will be Gone

Sold Here  
HONGKONG  
HOTEL  
GARAGE  
Stubbs Rd.

## DEATH

HSU—On Thursday, September 26, 1940, he died in Kowloon, Tok, Dr. George Chien Hsu, beloved husband of Y. P. Shen Hsu, and revered father of Konrad, John (Mrs. Frank Sztol), Edward, Mary (Mrs. James Ben) and Rosabel Hsu. Funeral service to be announced later.

## Hongkong Telegraph.

Friday, September 27, 1940.  
Wyndham St., Hongkong  
Telephone: 20615

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## Britain's Foreign Markets

In a recent article on Great Britain's export trade *The Economist* pointed out that as "our preparations for offensive action at a later date require the continuance of heavy imports, we must maintain our exports to the highest possible level." The wisdom or necessity for maintaining exports to the highest level has been recognised from the earliest days of the war. In fact the importance of the export trade loomed so largely in the minds of Government officials and industrialists that at one time the production of armaments suffered to an alarming extent. While this attitude has changed very considerably under the Churchill regime, the two-fold object of maintaining the war effort at the highest possible pitch and of keeping a normal flow of exports is recognised as the great problem of the moment.

It is true that inroads on Britain's foreign exchange resources during the first year of the war were not heavy but the continuous and increasing delivery of orders for aeroplanes and armaments from abroad must considerably widen the gap between imports and exports unless the export trade is maintained at a higher level than now reached. To achieve this it is necessary that additional markets should be secured to replace those lost in Europe and that existing transport facilities should be improved.

With this in mind the decision to dispatch a mission to the South American countries is welcome. The object of the mission is two-fold. On the one hand the representatives will endeavour to show that it is in the interest of the countries visited, as it is in the interest of the whole world, that Britain should win the war. This should not prove a difficult task especially as the indiscretions of German agents have during the past few months been frequently criticised and condemned. At the same time the British mission will, in collaboration with South American interests, explore every avenue that might lead to a further development of economic relations.

Another mission, though dissimilar in character, is on its way to India. In this case the discussions which will be held at New Delhi next month will include Empire countries only. Delegates from Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, Southern Rhodesia, Burma, Hongkong, Ceylon and Malaya will meet to devise the best methods for co-ordinating the Empire's war effort. The increased activity in the war zone in Egypt and the Eastern Mediterranean calls for continual surveillance from what is known as the Eastern group of Empire countries. These countries will, in fact, be responsible to an increasing extent for the provision of all war materials to that zone.



"CAN'T YOU STOP THAT NOISE OUTSIDE?"

We fight for ourselves and  
The France of  
to-morrow

By HAROLD  
LASKI

by relying, as Franco and Hacha relied, upon the armed might of their foreign opponents.

They are willing to purchase immunity for their own privileges by selling France in chains to Hitler and Mussolini.

They rely upon the military force of the dictators to give them time to organise an authority of compulsion they could not secure from the free consent of the French people.

They put France in pawn to Germany and Italy that they may maintain their brief hour of power.

A brief hour it will be. For Laval and his like and Petain, who is no more than their Hindenburg, are, after all, the men whose purposes and doctrines brought France to defeat.

They have nothing in them that is capable of regenerating the soul of France. They have been unable to exact willing consent for their betrayal from any Frenchmen who are free openly to express their minds.

The masses of Frenchmen abroad unite to denounce this shameful capitulation. We know that the great bulk of the Socialist Party of France denounces it. We know that it is opposed by the trade unions. Herriot, Mandel, Reynaud, have stood adamant against it.

It is a betrayal imposed by Laval and Petain by means of foreign bayonets. It has authority over Frenchmen only so long as those foreign bayonets can protect it.

They were prepared for its suppression so soon as it appeared that political democracy sought to extend itself beyond the political field. And immediately it was clear that to defeat Germany a wholesale transformation of the French economic and social system was necessary, fatal to the vested interests they represented, they were prepared to sacrifice France to those vested interests.

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And immediately it was clear that to defeat Germany a wholesale transformation of the French economic and social system was necessary, fatal to the vested interests they represented, they were prepared to sacrifice France to those vested interests.

They had separated the political life of France from the interests of the masses because they were not prepared to extend—as was shown by their hostility to the Blum Government and to Republican Spain—the frontiers of democratic France.

They would not enlist its dynamic in their service. They were prepared to oppose traditional France to a new Germany; they were not prepared to oppose a new France to a new Germany.

They were prepared for a victory for traditional France. They were not prepared either for the risks or the sacrifices involved in preparing a victory for the new France.

Even in those last weeks in which Reynaud sought to infuse new energy into the organising effort, the men of the old régime conspired and opposed him at every turn.

They did not want victory on the new terms, for that victory meant, and they knew it, an economic and social revolution.

That revolution will come. It is the coming of the revolution of France, and it will be the proud

privilege of Great Britain to organise that liberation.

Granted that we hold firm, the next year is going to see a new 1848 in Europe, upon an immensely more massive scale; and, this time, there will be no successful counter-revolution.

Granted that we hold firm—that is now the basic condition of all civilised freedom. But to hold firm, we in this country have to emancate those democratic forces which capitalist democracy has so long held down.

## The Awakening

We also have to discover the dynamic of the masses. We also have to organise the surrender to its claims of those vested interests which have so long stood in the way of its expression.

I think Mr. Churchill understands this; I know that Attlee and Greenwood understand it.

The only way to release this dynamic is to bring the masses to victory, they have in truth nothing to lose but their chains and a world to win.

In a period of acute danger, audacity is the high road to salvation. We must throw overboard tradition and routine; it is these that have, in the service of privilege, made France the victim of their relentless conquerors.

Whether it be the problem of India or of our relations with the Soviet Union, whether it be the profit-system or the mechanisms of Government, what we need now is large-scale and courageous experimentation.

We are unable to mobilise our immense resources by coercion; we can mobilise them by consent.

And the way to consent is to convince the common people that all they may hope to be depends upon victory.

## New World Partners

The way to persuade them to the effort victory requires is to show them by acts now that their hopes have, as victory comes, the certainty of fulfilment.

That is what no French Government sought to do since the war began; that is what the Petain-Laval Government either can do nor wishes to do. To-day it is Hitler's chariot; to-morrow it will be the agent of the worst type of French reaction.

It has no other purpose than to maintain the enslavement of France first to the foreign tyrant and, were he to win later, to the forces of corrupt privilege.

The France we Britain fight now to liberate is the France of the future.

It is a France already restless at the fate that has been imposed upon it.

It is a France already ready to co-operate in the struggle for victory. For we are bound in the future to go forward as partners to a new and a braver world.

Their job is  
Mercy

SPECIAL MESSAGE  
from the Chairman of the  
War Organisation of the  
British Red Cross and Order  
of St. John.

It is difficult for us here, in England, to tell the people of the Colonial Empire how grateful we are for the wonderful effort they have made on behalf of the British Red Cross and Order of St. John War Organisation in this country.

I know very well that many people think the Red Cross is merely a money-collecting agency, and that what we give out to the press as to the way in which their money is spent very often does not reach them. May I therefore tell you a few things which we have done since the beginning of the War to carry out our great task of mercy and relief of suffering.

We sent out £30,000 worth of medical comforts and stores.

We sent out 30 vehicles, including 20 Ambulances, fully equipped; we established large stores at Dieppe and Boulogne; we established a Convalescent Home for Officers, and another for Nurses, and equipped and staffed them.

We sent to Finland £12,000 worth of medical supplies. Two aeroplanes were sent the moment Finland asked us for help, with stocks of chloroform, inoculation serum and essential drugs.

We sent more than £12,000 worth of medical stores to Norway in the same way, the moment they asked us.

In both cases difficulties of transport were very great.

We have a large Department which deals entirely with the dispatch of parcels of food, clothing and necessities to prisoners of war in enemy hands. In the last war we spent close on £4,000,000 on this work alone.

We have another large Department which concerns itself with inquiries by people for their wounded and missing relatives. This work is of such immense value that it alone would almost justify the existence of the Red Cross. At the present moment, it is dealing with thousands of letters a day from anxious people seeking information concerning their wounded and missing relatives.

We also offer help to relatives in visiting dangerously wounded or sick soldiers in hospitals. This was done first in France, and is now carried on in England, often entailing finding temporary accommodation for people in the vicinity of hospitals.

In May came the tragic collapse of Belgium, the return of the B.E.F. and later the collapse of France.

Everything we had at Boulogne, and all our Ambulances fell into the hands of the enemy. We hoped that we might have rescued the stores at Dieppe, and our staff, at great risk to themselves, went back time after time getting the stores out and away to the West Coast, but such was the rush to save human lives, we, at the last moment, had to abandon them.

We have lost everything we put into France, and all that has to be replaced.

Our trained stretcher-bearers and V.A.D.s worked day and night to remove the sick and wounded from the ships and take them to trains and hospitals.

Then the wounded began to pour back to England, and in the first days of the Dunkirk evacuation we were asked for £30,000 worth of hospital comforts which we delivered to hospitals all over England.

We have constant demands on us to help with hospital stores and clothing, sailors who have been shipwrecked and, in many cases, wounded by enemy action. All our existing County Organisations are told to find at once all that is needed for that work.

The Ministry of Health, in whose charge the wounded are now, have called upon us to find 10,000 beds at very short notice. They will help with the cost of equipping these hospitals, which may amount to as many as 200, all over the British Isles, but it will cost the British Red Cross and St. John War Organisation huge sums to staff and maintain them.

We have undertaken to find for the War Office and Ministry of Health anything up to 200 Ambulances, and we are well on the way to doing so. A large number of these Ambulances are being supplied through the generosity of the Dominions, Colonies and British Communities in all parts of the world; 50 of them have been promised by Canada; 50 by America; and we have now another offer from America of anything up to 200. We, of course, have to staff and equip them.

We, the War Organisation of the British Red Cross and Order of St. John, are determined—come what may—to carry out our duties to the sick and wounded, and justify the confidence which the public have so generally placed in us.

## Home Guard Take Up A Finnish Idea

HOME GUARDS are now being armed with "Molotov Cocktails" by the million.

This product of the Finnish war, which played such an important part in holding up the Russian tanks, has been officially adopted by the War Office.

The composition of the "Molotov Cocktails" cannot be revealed, but they are considered even more effective than the hand grenade against armoured divisions.

A demonstration was given recently to war correspondents during a visit to the Eastern Command of the use against tanks of these improvised explosives.

A specially constructed tank was quickly reduced to flaming ruins under a shower of "Molotovs" thrown by a detachment of Home Guards.

## PLANE FINDS SURVIVORS

→ FROM PAGE ONE

Sunderland, which had taken over from him, to see to the rescue of survivors because his petrol was running low.

By lamp signals he gave their position.

The second Sunderland then took over the rescue.

Describing the finding of the survivors, the captain of this Sunderland said: "All the people in the boat were sitting or lying down except one man who was at the tiller. Some amidsals seemed to be in a rather bad way. They had hoisted a sail and were making what speed they could.

"When we got there, we dropped a parachute bag filled with all the food we had on board. We attached a life jacket to keep it afloat. We circled round and made a signal that we were going to get help, but they had only semaphore which we were travelling too fast to read.

"However, we made them understand that we were going to fetch a ship we thought was about 40 miles away. Before leaving them, I went down very low on the water and saw that it would be possible to land and take them on board if they could not be rescued otherwise."

The captain then described how they directed a warship to the survivors and added: "We were very glad to see those people safe and all felt very bucked about it."

## BRITISH PLANES BRING DOWN 19

→ FROM PAGE ONE

German bomber formations were seen over England for the first time in daylight since the Luftwaffe's defeat on September 15, enemy air activity up to early this evening has been very small.

Following a blank morning, some attacks were made on seaside towns from the Hampshire coast to the east, but none was on a big scale and no serious damage is reported.

Fighters dispersed one fairly big formation.

No enemy aircraft were reported over the London area.

Two brief alarms were sounded in the metropolis caused by enemy raiders in the region of the Thames Estuary aerodromes.

## More Defiants Required

### Splendid Defence Work

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Lord Beaverbrook, the Minister for Aircraft Production, has asked for more Defiant fighters.

He has sent the following telegram to the Government Director of one of the British aircraft factories:

"It ask you to give us more Defiants. The splendid work done by the Defiant squadron makes the manufacture of this aircraft a task of paramount importance to the defence of the country."

## STOCK EXCHANGE

### Gift-Edged Holdings Rise Sharply In London

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—On the Stock Exchange to-day, gift-edged holdings attracted the majority of buyers, most prices rising sharply. Railers fluctuated throughout the day, but closed almost unchanged on the day.

Among the oils, Burma shares advanced from 45/8d. to 46/3d. on maintenance of the interim dividend of 5 per cent.

Wall Street was irregular.

## Swedish Coalition Government

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The four parties forming the Coalition Government—Social Democrats, Conservatives, Agrarians and Liberals—have decided to maintain the Coalition though the recent elections gave the Democrats an absolute majority.

## THE COAST DEFENCES OF ENGLAND



With a keen crew of gunners who have already met the enemy in France a warm welcome is assured for invaders if they should attempt landings on the shores of Britain.

## PARTIES, MUSIC WENT ON ALL RIGHT

## BURGLAR LIVED WELL IN A BORROWED FLAT

By Laurence Wilkinson

WHILE Donald Edward Davis, blond twenty-year-old country house bandit whom Scotland-yard call The Silent Burglar, was on his way last night to serve two years in jail, I was sitting in the luxurious flat in the West End where he celebrated with girl friends after each successful coup.

The flat belongs to a wealthy woman of Greek parentage. Some months ago she went to stay with friends in the country, and offered her home for sub-letting.

A confederate of Donald Davis—ostensibly a well-to-do cinema proprietor—took the flat, and showed references.

The woman had no suspicion that her flat was to be used for the next few months as the headquarters of a gang which has netted £10,000 in country house raids throughout the home country.

Davis held his celebration parties in the room where I sat last night.

He had the expensive carpets rolled back, set the radio blaring, and dispensed drinks while his guests danced.

When the room became hot and thick with smoke, he could take his guests out on the iron balcony, from which they could see the treyflops in Hyde Park.

From the flat roof of the building miles of London can be surveyed in a glance.

### Girls' Laughter

Other people in the same building sometimes heard shouts and the laughter of girls above the noise of dance music, long after midnight. But during the day the flat was silent.

The other residents judged that Davis slept until lunch-time each day.

He would leave the flat regularly at 2.30 p.m., sometimes in company with a girl and another man.

The man was Harry Moscovitch, aged thirty-two, a furrier. He was sentenced yesterday with William Fell, aged sixty-six—a man with ten previous convictions—to two years' imprisonment. Both pleaded guilty to receiving some of the property Davis had stolen.

Davis would drive away in his 30 h.p. eighty-mile-an-hour saloon, and might not be seen for the rest of the day.

A maid came into the flat each afternoon to tidy up.

At times Davis would return to the flat with friends from an afternoon's bathing at Reigate.

They would toss their bathing costumes on to the antique mahogany furniture. Then the polished wood floor would be cleared, and again the dance music would be turned on.

When he returned from one of these bathing outings Davis found the police waiting for him.

Saw Police Chase.

The flat's original tenant, who had come up from the country to see her son in the Army, called in at that moment.

She called to collect any letters that might have come for her. She met policemen on the stairs, chasing after the lift as it shot down with Davis inside.

He bolted through another flat, reached the ground floor and escaped—but was captured later.

Detectives told the woman that her flat had been used as the hide-out and headquarters of the Silent Burglar and his gang. Some of the booty from the raids was hidden in the flat.

At the Old Bailey Davis admitted seven cases of housebreaking and several cases of receiving stolen property.

He told how he had plundered houses at Esher, Oxleas, Wimborne, Camberley and Caterham. Each raid took only a few minutes.

Davis would drive up to the chosen country house between 9 p.m. and 10 p.m., when the occupants had finished dinner, but had not yet retired to their rooms.

He would prop a ladder against the side of the house, and climb into an upper room. Then he ransacked the bedrooms for jewellery and furs.

## British Submarines Sink German Convoys

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The Admiralty reports

successful actions against enemy supply vessels in convoys.

A communiqué issued to-day states: "Britain submarines continue to search out and take their toll of enemy shipping.

"Full information of their successes

cannot be given without endangering their security. But it can now be

seen that His Majesty's submarine

H149 (Lieut. M. A. Langley, R.N.)

lately attacked a convoy of eight

supply ships with torpedoes, two of

which found their mark.

"His Majesty's submarine, Tuna

(Lieut. Comdr. M. K. Cavanagh-Mainwaring, R.N.), reports the

destruction of a large supply vessel

accreed by two enemy destroyers."

In Scotland To Work For Troops

Mademoiselle Sofia Sikorska, daughter of General Sikorski, Prime Minister of Poland and commander of the Polish army, has gone to Scotland to organise hostels for the Polish troops.

Fought 19 Nazis

One aircraft of the first flight returned with engine trouble soon after taking off. The five others were lost in battle.

Second flight returned safely.

Three months after the entry, the commanding officer heard from a survivor of the first flight that he was

a prisoner of war. He wrote:

"We were attacked by 10 Messerschmitts. They, together with the anti-aircraft guns, pom-poms, and flaming oilons from the destroyers, finished us."

Later entries in the book tell of

reconnaissance over half Germany,

security patrols over seaplane bases

in the Friesian Islands, and the attack on Sylt.

Members of the squadron passed over Sylt three or four times a night, coming down as low as 700ft. to keep

lights which were on at the beginning of the patrol went out as soon as the R.A.F. planes were

finished.

That was one of their objects—to

keep the bases in darkness, and so

prevent enemy mine-laying craft

from taking off.

Very Like Poland

This is Mlle. Sikorska's first visit to

Scotland. She thinks it is a beautiful

country. "Scotland is very like parts

of Poland," she said. "It reminds me

of scenes in the Carpathian mountains.

She wears the uniform of the

Polish Red Cross, of which she is an

officer.

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# Second Half Season Opens Brilliantly

AND TWENTY-FIVE  
WERE LEFT

## Daily Double Pool Carried Over:

### G. Treverton Graduates Out Of Novices Class

(By "Captain Foster")

THE SECOND HALF of the racing season, which opened at Happy Valley last Saturday, was graced by the presence of His Excellency the acting Governor, Lt.-General E. F. Norton, who was entertained to lunch by the chairman of the Hongkong Jockey Club, Mr. T. E. Pearce, in his private box.

His Excellency was greeted with every conceivable thrill known on the racecourse, and the meeting must have undoubtedly impressed him very much.

A most interesting and important feature was the graduation of his Private Secretary, Mr. G. Treverton, from the apprentice class on Strathbannock (owned by Mr. J. F. Macgregor who was not present) in the Island Bay Handicap (second section), which event was the second leg of the daily double. The combination was responsible for the biggest dividend of the meeting, namely, \$492.60 for a win, and that was not all. March Brown (G. W. Cooper) closed the end of a sunny day with a pay out of \$136.50 for a win, and Blue Diamond (S. W. Lee) astounded the "early risers" by romping home second in the Tweed Island Bay Handicap paying \$125 for a place.

The carrying over of the Daily Double pool of \$6,425 to the next meeting must have caused heartache to quite a few punters who failed to find the second leg.

#### Last Carry-over

IT may be of interest to know that the last pool carried over was \$7,523 at the St. Andrew's meeting held on December 2, when the winner (Ajax) coupled with Loquacious, Macquarie River, Ruby Star, Schmetterling and Tarzan was not considered to have a chance in the Aldie Reekle Handicap.

Last Saturday the most amazing part of the story was that all the runners save Strathbannock were backed, and Mr. Macgregor's candidate did not win by the length of Wong-Nei-Chong road, the verdict was short head.

#### High Standard

RACING on the whole was of high standard, with several tight finishes. There were dead-heats between Income Tax (Wei) and Brown Derby (Black) for the first place in the Gostford "B" class Australian Handicap (second section) at the December meeting of the Macao Jockey Club and the pony paid \$27.70 for a win.

In 1939 he scored only three wins on Avon, Green Bay and Lovely Star, but the present season brought him successes on Rose Evelyn, Valorously, Bruno (his own pony) and March Brown, and the tenth win registered last Saturday.

#### FOND OF JUMPING

IN addition to flat racing Mr. Treverton is very fond of jumping over the sticks, and one of his most important achievements was on Brutus, annexing the 1939 Australian Grand National under the auspices of the Fanling Hunt and Race Club. However, it is hoped that he will be more successful among the experienced riders at Happy Valley.

#### Record Field

The fields were above the average, in fact a record was established when 23 racers were weighed out for the Vaucluse Handicap over six furlongs. The last biggest field was 10 starters in the Vaucluse Handicap for "B" class Australian ponies.

The writer mentioned in his racing notes of September 6, that the sharp turn of the grass track from the three furlong post up to the entrance of the home stretch had been banked, the elevation being about 18 inches, and it is interesting to reveal that last Saturday all the runners kept to their course without losing ground when the pack entered the straight.

It was certainly a surprise to see Pumpernickel keeping the coast and the bay dead-heated Rowan for the third position in the frame. However, with the sharp bend raised we

shall not see any more ponies running wide or out and there will be less "moans" among the punters.

## Jockey Club Draw For Australian Griffins

AT THE Hongkong Jockey Club stables last Tuesday there was a big attendance of interested owners and racing fans to witness the draw of 113 Australian subscription griffins for 1941's racing.

It will be recalled that the original order placed with Wm. A. Jones Pty. Ltd., of Melbourne, was for 125 ponies. However, six griffins died on the way from Australia and a similar amount was rejected by the Stewards of the Hongkong Jockey Club.

The drawing of the lucky numbers from the barrel for these 113 griffins was done by Mrs. T. E. Pearce and Mrs. D. C. Edmondson, and after the

meeting they were thanked by the Chairman for their "hard work."

No owner has drawn more than one pony.

There are several new sires unknown to the racing public, but Double Court heads the list, with offspring that have always done well at Happy Valley.

It would be a folly to say which is the best pick, but judging from appearance I like the following Nos. 3, 4, 5, 11, 13, 15, 20, 34, 35, 50, 73, 85, 91, 101, 110, 113, and 116. I shall be disappointed if they do not turn up at the Annual Meeting.

## Chan Chun-nam Breaks Colony Quarter-Mile Free-Style Record

### Ng Nin Equals Record For Fifty Yards

#### THRILLING RELAY RACES

(By "Tinker")

SCORING HIS SECOND great victory, and breaking his second record in the current Colony swimming championships, Chan Chun-nam lowered W. Lawrence's 1935 time of 5 mins. 26 2/5 secs. by 4/5 secs. in the final of the quarter-mile event at the Victoria Recreation Club yesterday. And in the first race on the programme—the 50 yards free-style—Ng Nin equalled the Colony record of 25 4/5 secs.

But the most thrilling moments were reserved until the end of the evening, when the men's and women's 150 yards medley relay races were swum. In both these events the V.R.C. scored narrow victories—the women by a touch—and the ringing cheers of the spectators must have been heard from far away.

It is pleasant to reflect on those two last races, for they provided as exciting a climax to a day's racing as any organising Committee could wish.

In the men's race, the prodigious efforts of Ng Nin (breaststroke for Chung Sing) and D.

H. Taylor (free-style for V.R.C.) were inspiring, while in the women's race, Miss V. Churn's great breast-stroke dash that converted a deficit of two or three yards into a gain that Miss J. Anderson held to win by a touch, was a period of horse and tense excitement for the spectators.

The evening opened with an event almost as fine as those with which it concluded.

The 50 yards free-style proved a judge's nightmare. Except for first place, the order of finish was one that only electrical timing could settle conclusively. The judges went into conference for several minutes before they could sift the second and third placings.

One thing was certain and that was that stop-watches timing one-fiftieth of a second were useless. In existing, for the fractional differences were far smaller.

#### Women's Breast-stroke

MISS Lee Po-luen was alone in the women's 100 yards breast-stroke. Occupying the first three positions in the 220 on Wednesday, they would undoubtedly have taken the same in the quarter-mile last night had Ng Nin not hurt his head in the 50 yards sprint. Staff Photographer.

## AUSTRALIAN DIAMOND'S GREAT RACE

CONTRARY to expectations, Sapper belonging to Mrs. Grant was not saddled for the main event, the Australian Ponies Autumn Plate, but Mr. Reidy sent out his many thanks, who was no match against Australian Diamond.

The latter, with Peter Wei up, took the lead at the start and the combination was never headed again, winning by many lengths.

I was much impressed with the running of Australian Diamond for he certainly had the style of a stayer and the chestnut will have a big say in the Fremantle St. Leger.

In the men's race, the prodigious efforts of Ng Nin (breaststroke for Chung Sing) and D.

H. Taylor (free-style for V.R.C.) were inspiring, while in the women's race, Miss V. Churn's great breast-stroke dash that converted a deficit of two or three yards into a gain that Miss J. Anderson held to win by a touch, was a period of horse and tense excitement for the spectators.

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## Daily Double Debacle

### Strathbannock Upsets

#### All Calculations

(By "Captain Foster")

I THOUGHT Conquering Time was going to lose the Tweed Island Bay Handicap (which was the first leg of the daily double), for coming down the hill the mare was not well placed in the running. Hopeful Star, Jennifer and Ronson were doing the running, and these three smashers were out to kill each other.

#### CHAN CHUN-NAN BREAKS RECORD

(Continued from Page 6.)

place, wisely reserved herself for the relay that was to come. The race, therefore, was between Miss Ho Wai-man and Miss Ko Mu-ling for second. Miss Ko took a narrow lead over the first 50 yards and maintained that to beat Miss Ho by 4 sec.

#### Quarter-mile Record

NG Nin, too, resting after his great effort in the 50 yards and recovering from the effects of a blow when he swam head on to the end of the bath in that race, withdrew from the quarter-mile; and in view of Chan Chun-nam's record breaking swim it was most unlikely that Ng Nin would have placed better than second. Charles Huang was left to offer opposition, but he refused to be inveigled into another heart-breaking opening as happened in the 220 free-style on Wednesday, and swam his own race.

His time was not one to be considered seriously for he must have realised as the race progressed that second place was the best he could manage. Yau Sui-kwan was ever (for Huang) comfortably in the rear.

#### Boys' 100 Yards

G. YVANOVICH showed a splendid judgment in his race for the Boys' 100 yds. Championship of the Colony. For three lengths he was content to keep close behind J. Gomes, the only other competitor, but over the last length spurted so well that he seemed to have just entered the bath.

#### The Relays

THE women's relay is to be remembered — firstly for Miss L. Sadick's fine turn of speed for the 50 yds, backstroke that gave Chinese Bathing Club about three yards lead over the V.R.C. when Miss Lo Po-kam took over — secondly for Miss Churn's butterfly effort that reduced those three yards to nil and then to a lead of about two feet — and finally for Miss J. Anderson's free-style sprint that staved off the spirited challenge of Miss Ho Wal-king to give the V.R.C. a touch victory.

#### Hurly-burly of Speed

THE men's race was a hurly-burly of dazzling speed up and down the pool. A great struggle was expected between Chung Sing and the V.R.C. "A" and a great struggle there was. A. K. Rumjant, back-stroke, gave V.R.C. "A" about a yard lead, but then came Ng Nin's greatest effort of the evening when he set out to overtake D. Hutchinson, whose prowess with the butterfly stroke is also top class.

But he did it, and gave Wong Chi-hung the slightest advantage

A perusal of the times chalked up by the timekeeper would show that two furlongs from the 1/4-mile beacon to the last 1/4-mile post were covered in 27.15 seconds. It was a fast run and there was no doubt that Wei on Conquering Time preferred to be within striking distance.

As they neared the distance, Jennifer and Ronson started to lower their anchors, but Hopeful Star had to face the challenge of Conquering Time and Blue Diamond.

After a see-saw run down the straight Conquering Time crossed the bar first, and two lengths behind came Blue Diamond, who nased out Hopeful Star for second prize stake money.

Blue Diamond with new colours of Mr. S. W. Lee and hidden by the owner gave the punters a rule shock and the mare paid \$125 for a place.

Behind the first three placed ponies there Lancashire Lass, Red Feather, Avon and Bear Claw, the last named putting up a poor show.

#### VICTORIA DISAPPOINTS

VICTORIA was backed for a fourth time to win the Island Bay Handicap (second section) and the mare let the punting fraternity down to the tune of 1,755 tickets for a win valued at \$8,775.

It was in this event that Strathbannock was not considered to have a chance for the second leg of the daily double.

#### Football

## EASTERN TROUNCE NAVY 9-0

STRENGTHENED by the inclusion of their three new players from Shanghai — who, incidentally, scored 5 of their 9 goals — Eastern trounced the Royal Navy in a friendly game of football at Causeway Bay yesterday by 9-0.

Splendidly keeping by Lou Hin-hon rendered the Navy's approach work abortive. Eastern led at the end of the first half 3-0 through goals scored by C. T. Tsao (ex-Shanghai) 2, and Wong Chi-ting 1.

V. K. Hyul, also ex-Shanghai, tallied three goals in quick succession in the second half, and their total was increased by two from Lee Wal-lan and one from Yu Hop-hing.

Teams were:

NAVY — Hockey: Robertson, Stoker; Wilkinson, Hand, McLean, Steere, Bradbury, Lyle, Murfin and Barber.

EASTERN — Lou Hin-hon; Chan Yun-fat, S. C. Yen; Lo Wal-kuen, Hau King-shing, S. C. Liu, C. T. Tsao, Wong Chi-ting, Yu Bo-yung, V. K. Hyul and Shin Yau-hang.

over D. H. Taylor. Ng Nin was timed at 29 1/2 secs. for his breaststroke.

Wong turned at the end before Taylor, but the latter almost lifted himself out of the water over the last length to clock 25 1/2 and beat Wong by 1/2 sec.

The results were:

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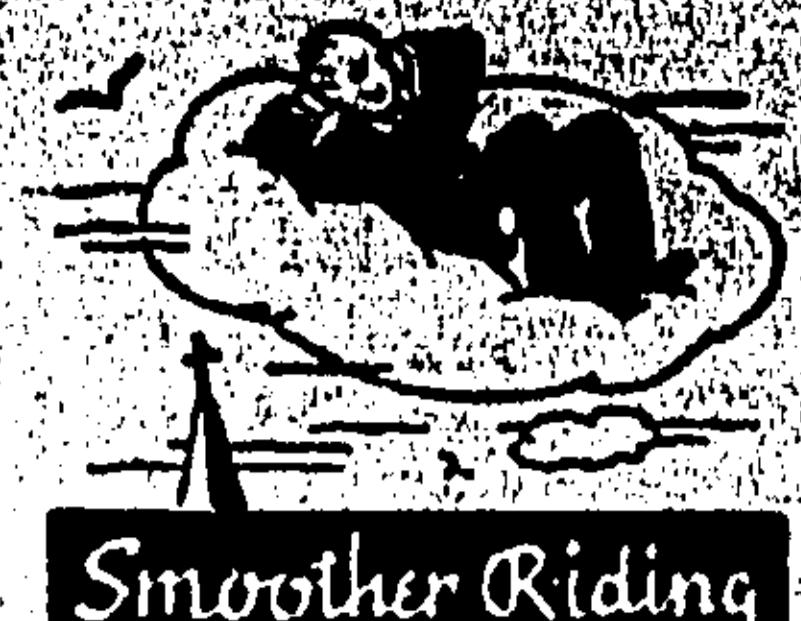
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## ROOSEVELT PLACES EMBARGO ON WAR MATERIALS TO JAPAN All Countries Affected Except England

### CHINESE TROOPS IN ACTION

#### Indo-China Border Clashes

CHUNGKING, Sept. 27 (Reuter).—Clashes are taking place between Chinese and Japanese forces on the Kwangsi-Indo-China border, where the Chinese are attacking the rear of the Japanese forces entering Indo-China, according to a military spokesman here.

A message from Kwangsi states that the Japanese suffered 1,000 casualties in the Dongdang clash.

It is said that fighting is taking place east and west of Pingherkwan.

A reasonable possibility of Sino-French co-operation is seen by the spokesman.

#### Watchful Waiting

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH".

CHUNGKING, Sept. 26 (UP).—The Chinese Foreign Office spokesman answering questions to-day regarding the situation in Indo-China and whether or not Chinese troops would plunge across the border said:

"Our troops are adopting the measure of watchful waiting on the southwest border. The original plan of self-defence announced by Mr. Wang Ching-wei, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, has not been changed."

Asked whether the French authorities had extended an invitation to the Chinese Government for Chinese military aid, he said: "So far, no formal request has been received from the French—please note my word 'formal'."

**Will Act Independently**

When asked whether Chinese entry into Indo-China was dependent upon an invitation from the French, the spokesman replied: "No... It depends upon our own decision."

He added that the Chinese Government did not contemplate breaking off diplomatic relations with Vichy should the Hanot pact be carried out in full because the situation in Indo-China presents various possibilities at the moment.

#### Chinese Mystified

CHUNGKING, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The Chinese are still mystified by the Indo-China developments.

Upon the request of the Indo-China authorities, the Chinese despatched a special airplane to the Indo-China border to bring an Indo-China representative for discussions, but when the Chinese airplans arrived at the border no French representative appeared.

Meanwhile it is learned that Vichy has been declining Chinese assistance in Indo-China.

#### Hanoi Bombed

CHUNGKING, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Authoritative foreign sources here have received telegrams from Hanoi stating that Japanese aircraft bombed Haiphong and Hanoi to-day.

When Japanese aircraft appeared over Hanoi, they dropped three small bombs.

French anti-aircraft fire drove

TURN to Page 2, Column Six

### R.A.F. Gives Berlin Its Worst Air Raid

#### Special to the "Telegraph".

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Domei).—The attack on Berlin which was carried out by Royal Air Force planes last night and this morning for the fourth time in this week, was officially described as the longest and severest aerial onslaught that has been inflicted on the German capital since the start of the hostilities.

The all-clear signal was sounded only at 4 o'clock in the morning after strong forces of British bombers had attacked military objectives in the Berlin area, the industrial suburbs north of the city being the main targets.

An official announcement said that the raids were started so early that the raids were started so early that a large number of Berliners were caught away from homes.

#### Four Attacks In An Hour

This communiqué disclosed that four separate attacks within an hour were made on the Kingenberg power station at the heart of the industrial section east of the city. This station



President Roosevelt

### Dover Area Shelled

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—German long-range guns on the French coast shelled the Dover area for about an hour this afternoon.

A man and a woman were killed.

Special to the "Telegraph"

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26, (UP).—THE UNITED STATES HAS PLACED AN EMBARGO ON SHIPMENTS OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, AND IMPORTANT WAR MATERIALS TO ALL COUNTRIES INCLUDING JAPAN OUTSIDE THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE, WITH THE EXCEPTION OF GREAT BRITAIN. THE EMBARGO BECOMES EFFECTIVE ON OCTOBER 16.

Of the large number of nations affected Japan alone has been a consistent heavy purchaser, Italy's recent heavy trade having been cut off by the British blockade.

#### AIMED AT JAPAN

President Roosevelt's announcement of the embargo stressed that the measure is intended to conserve the United States supplies of scrap, but Mr. Stephen Early, White House Secretary, to-day revealed that the President has been preoccupied with the Far Eastern crisis due to Japan's action in Indo-China and the dispute regarding control in Shanghai.

The President has been virtually continuously in consultation, mainly by telephone, with Mr. Cordell Hull on the Far Eastern situation," Mr. Early said.

#### PETROLEUM MAY BE NEXT

He added that he had no information regarding the reports that the embargo might soon be proclaimed on all grades of petroleum.

The White House announcement avoided any reference whatsoever to the situation in the Orient.

#### Japan Purchases Approximate

ly one third of America's exports of iron and steel scrap during the first seven months of 1940, according to Department of Commerce figures.

The total exported was 1,790,000 tons of which 525,000 tons went to Japan and 300,000 tons to Great Britain.

During the corresponding period in 1939 Japan took a total of 1,155,000 tons from a total of 2,123,000 tons exported, compared with Britain's 254,000 tons.

#### Text of Announcement

"Domel" gives the text of the announcement which is as follows:

"The President has approved early establishment of additional controls on the exportation of iron and steel scrap with a view to conserving available supply to meet the rapidly expanding requirements of the defence programme in this country.

"Effective October 15 all outstanding balances of the licences which have been granted pursuant to the existing regulations of July 26 for the exportation of No. 1 heavy melting steel scrap will be revoked.

"On October 16, the exportation of all grades of iron and steel scrap will be placed under the licensing system. The new exportation limitation will be applied to 75 types of iron and steel scrap.

"Under the new regulation which will be made effective on October 16 licences will be issued to permit ship-

TURN to Page 2, Column Six

### ITALIAN BASES SHELLED

#### Invasion Plans Thwarted

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH".

ALEXANDRIA, Sept. 26 (Domei).—It is officially disclosed that British warships crept into the coastal waters off Sidi Barrani at dawn on Wednesday and shelled the Italian invasion bases from point-blank.

It is claimed that the shelling inflicted severe damage to the Italian positions and it is believed that the Italian plans for renewal of the Egyptian offensive have been effectively dis-

turned. Special to the "Telegraph".

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—An Air Ministry communiqué states that it is now known that 31 enemy aircraft, 15 of them bombers, have been destroyed to-day by our fighters.

Eight of our fighter aircraft are lost but three of the pilots are safe.

#### Earlier Report

LONDON, Sept. 26 (UP).—It is officially reported that British fighters destroyed 10 German planes, including eleven bombers, during to-day's Nazi raids on England.

Six British machines were lost, but two of the pilots are safe.

#### Raiders Lose Bombers

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—A high proportion of the enemy aircraft brought down in Britain to-day were again bombers.

The Air Ministry and Ministry of Home Security states: "During the morning enemy aircraft operating for the most part singly approached

### R.A.F. Attack Kiel Naval Dockyard

## Heavy Bomb Explodes Beside Scharnhorst

#### Boulogne Raided

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The flash of one big explosion was seen very close to the German cruiser Scharnhorst which was lying in the Kiel naval dockyard during last night's R.A.F. raids.

In the raids, sticks of heavy calibre bombs fell across the northern end of the Kiel dockyard and on the shipbuilding yards.

Boulogne was raided for three and a half hours. There were many violent explosions. One, described as "terrible" by an observer, momentarily lit up the whole town.

Great fires visible miles out at sea were also started.

#### Air Ministry Statement

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—All our aircraft returned safely from their extensive bombing operations over Germany and the Channel ports

last night, according to the Air Ministry.

In the Berlin area, aircraft of the Bomber Command attacked power stations, railway communications and the Tempelhof aerodrome.

"At Kiel, the docks were bombed.

"Goodys were at Osnabruck, Bremen, Hamm; Münster, and Hanover were also damaged.

"Shipping, barges and quayside stores at Antwerp, Flushing, Ostend, Dundrik, Calais and Boulogne were also attacked.

"An aircraft of the Coastal Command shot down an enemy bomber into the sea yesterday afternoon.

"Last night forces of Coastal Command aircraft bombed oil tanks at Brest. The tanks were afire and shipping in the harbour was also severely damaged."

### Britons Charged In Rumania

#### Planned Sabotage

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH".

BUCHAREST, Sept. 26 (United Press).—Two Englishmen and one English woman in the Poleskoi District have been charged with planning sabotage.

The arrests are considered significant in connection with the general tightening up on precautions under the indirect surveillance of the German secret service as well as the Rumanian authorities.

#### Dakar Casualties Said Heavy

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH".

VICHY, Sept. 26 (Domei).—According to authorities quarters at Dakar, on September 24 caused casualties of 165 killed and 362 wounded.

Casualties in the subsequent bombardments are said to be even heavier.

### LATEST

See Back Page  
Further Late News

## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

25 words \$2.50  
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### FOR SALE.

FLOWER AND VEGETABLE Seeds. Fresh supply just received from Messrs. Sutton & Sons Ltd., Reading. Best varieties of reliable seeds obtainable at Grace & Co. No. 10 Wyndham Street.

"HONGKONG AS REVEALED BY THE CAMERA" Second Edition. Over 60 excellent views of the Colony. Price \$1.50. Obtainable at Kelly & Walsh, Ltd., Hongkong Travel Bureau or from the Publishers, South China Morning Post, Ltd., Wyndham Street.

The Hongkong Telegraph  
Tenth Annual  
Amateur Photographic  
Competition

SEND IN YOUR ENTRIES NOW  
Competition closes at 5 p.m.  
on September 30

Two Silver Trophies Awarded  
by ILFORD LTD.

For the best and second-best entries.  
Four Silver Trophies Awarded  
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First Prizes in each of the  
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\$250 CASH PRIZES \$250

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3rd. \$20. 4th. \$12.50.

SECTION TWO  
Portraits: Informal Close-ups; Human  
Studies.  
1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. \$30.  
3rd. \$20. 4th. \$12.50.

SECTION THREE  
Still Life and Table Top Studies.  
1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. \$30.  
3rd. \$20. 4th. \$12.50

SECTION FOUR  
(Craftsmen's Section)  
The whole of the work entailed in the production of every entry must have been done by the competitors who will be required to make a declaration to this effect. Each entry must have pasted on the back a special entry form obtainable on application from The Hongkong Telegraph or from the Hon. Secretary, Hongkong Photographic Society. Subjects at the discretion of competitors.

1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. \$30.  
3rd. \$20. 4th. \$12.50.

**RULES**

The following Rules will govern the Competition:

1.—The Competition is confined exclusively to amateur photographers.

2.—No employee or member of any firm in the photographic trade is permitted to compete.

3.—The prizes will be awarded to the competitors sending in what are judged to be the best photographs in each Section. Each entry must be accompanied by a form which will be published during the period of the Competition, and which must be pasted on back of entry.

4.—The right to publish any or all of the entries is reserved to the Hongkong Telegraph.

5.—All photographs entered must have been taken in the Colony of Hongkong. Photographs which have been taken outside the Colony are not eligible.

6.—No responsibility will be accepted for non-delivery of, loss of, or damage to entries.

7.—All entries to be either black and white or sepia and must be mounted on card. Coloured photographs are ineligible.

8.—Pictures submitted in sepia tones should be accompanied by a small print in black and white.

9.—No picture to entered in more than one Section.

10.—Mounts to be only white or cream, must be of one of the following sizes:—10x12, 10x20.

11.—The competition will be entered into in connection with the Competition.

12.—Members of the Staffs of the Hongkong Telegraph and the Hon. Chairman of the Post are not permitted to compete.

13.—The decision of the Judges shall be final.

14.—At the conclusion of the Competition entries will be returned to the competitor on application at the Telegraph offices within seven days.

### ENTRY FORM

NAME .....  
SECTION .....  
ADDRESS .....

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

#### GOVERNMENT OF HONG KONG ASSISTANT IMMIGRATION OFFICER.

In connection with the proposed establishment of an Immigration Department in Hong Kong, applications are invited for posts of temporary Assistant Immigration Officer.

The approximate salary of the posts will be \$450 per month (inclusive), and appointments will be terminable at one month's notice.

Applicants should be British subjects of pure European descent between the ages of 21 and 23 and should have passed the London matriculation examination or a recognized equivalent examination.

Applications should be addressed to Mr. J. H. B. Lee, c/o Secretary for Chinese Affairs.

## THE COAST DEFENCES OF ENGLAND



With a keen crew of gunners who have already met the enemy in France's warm welcome is assured for invaders if they should attempt landings on the shores of Britain.

### British Air Offensive Over Reich

## Bombers Batter Nazis In Continuous Raids —Factories Crumble

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—R.A.F. bombers have recently doubled the British air offensive against Germany, says "Reuter's" air correspondent.

Besides night and day battering of the enemy invasion platform, R.A.F. bombers are now carrying the Battle of Britain into the far corners of the enemy camp.

The 12-hour stretch between sunset and dawn has brought the whole of Germany proper within range of Britain's long range aircraft.

This week, some of these giants flew to within 50 miles of the Polish frontier to bomb an electric power station.

### Increasing Action

In the absence of fighter escorts there is a strict limit to the extent of operations which can be carried out in daylight, but nevertheless day out in daylight, but nevertheless day action within the smaller arc of medium bomber range is on the increase.

By increasing bomber action 100 per cent, the R.A.F. has climbed only the first step in a pre-determined ladder plan whereby the offensive will eventually reach proportions hitherto undreamed of, as Mr. Churchill has promised.

Military objectives in Berlin, as in and around other large German cities, may be expected to suffer more and more heavily in the immediate future.

Berlin at present is only experiencing one raid per night, but the British bombers have a flight of 1,200 miles and back as compared with the Nazis' 300 at the most.

The shattering blows now being struck at Germany's keyed-up war machine by the R.A.F. compare very favourably with Germany's efforts to shatter Britain's industry and public morale by Nazi air formations.

These although as yet larger than Britain's, are, it is noticeable, finding it increasingly difficult to penetrate London's defences by night as well as by day.

Thousands of convalescents from "flu and feverish" colds get out of bed only to find that the after-effects are worse than the attack itself. This is where Phosferine can be of great value. It strengthens, braces and invigorates—it will put you on your feet. Get some Phosferine now!

### LIQUID OR TABLETS

Two Tablets equal ten drops of Liquid.

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Depression Headache Indigestion

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ZAPPI

### "The Hongkong

Telegraph's"

### 10th Annual

Amateur

Photographic

Competition

### ENTRIES CLOSE

at 5 p.m. on  
Monday, Sept. 30

Please use block letters and paste this on back of each Entry in sections 1, 2 and 3.

COUNT THE  
"TELEGRAPH'S"  
EVERYWHERE

## CHINESE IN ACTION

### → FROM PAGE ONE

away the raiders who later returned for a second visit but dropped no bombs.

**Won't Have Interference.** TOKYO, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The daily newspaper, "Hochi," says that Japan's determination is "too firm to be shaken by foreign pressure or intervention."

The journal warns Britain and America that they court a grave situation if they persist in their anti-Japanese attitude.

**Japanese Apologise.** SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH".

HANOI, Sept. 26 (Delayed) (UP).—Two thousand Japanese troops with twelve tanks landed to-day and 4,000 additional troops are to land later in the week.

Four bombs were dropped after nine Japanese planes had circled over Haiphong to-day.

French anti-aircraft guns opened fire for a brief period after the bombing.

It is officially stated that the Japanese have apologized for the bombing, declaring the action to be a mistake.

The Japanese landing parties looked wilted under their heavy packs in the scorching midday sun.

A few Japanese stragglers arrived at Haiphong from nearby landing points, riding in rickshaws.

**French Protest.**

HAIPHONG, Sept. 27 (Reuter).—The French authorities have lodged a strong protest with the Japanese regarding the bombing of Haiphong yesterday when Japanese planes dropped a few bombs just before landing.

According to a Chinese military spokesman in Chungking, the main body of the Japanese Fifth Division is advancing on Langson.

Only 1,000 Japanese troops are advancing to the north-west from Chengmankwan in the direction of Phuquerkhan towards the Haiphong railway.

**Disagreement.**

The military spokesman claimed that disagreement existed between the Japanese Navy and Army authorities. The Navy favoured a landing at Haiphong while the Army wanted to enter via Dongdang.

He emphasised that there was a "reasonable possibility" of Sino-French co-operation but declined to confirm or deny reports that the French had asked for aid.

**Small Packet Post to all countries is suspended.**

**INWARD MAIL.**

Fernosa ..... Sept. 27.

U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai ..... (San Francisco date, 1st September) ..... Sept. 29.

Java and Manila ..... Oct. 1.

Australia and Manila ..... Oct. 2.

U.S.A., Japan and Shanghai (Senate date, 28th August) ..... Oct. 3.

Air Mail by "Pan American Airways Direct Service," San Francisco date 27th September ..... Oct. 4.

Calcutta and Straits ..... Oct. 4.

London and Straits ..... Oct. 5.

Java and Manila ..... Oct. 9.

U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai, (San Francisco date 23rd Aug.) ..... Oct. 10.

Australia, Rabaul and Manila ..... Oct. 12.

Calcutta and Straits ..... Oct. 13.

U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai (San Francisco date, 18th September) ..... Oct. 16.

**OUTWARD MAIL TIMES.**

Registered and Parcel Mails are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 9 a.m.

Following a blank morning, some attacks were made on seaside towns from the Hampshire coast to the east, but none was on a big scale and no serious damage is reported.

Fighters dispersed one fairly big formation.

No enemy aircraft were reported over the London area.

Two brief alarms were sounded in the metropolis caused by enemy aircraft in the region of the Thames Estuary aerodromes.

**SHANGHAI THREATENED.**

### → FROM PAGE ONE

businessmen "reducing the Chinese to slavery" and depriving Chinese of their rights "in order to promote their own selfish ends."

**Three Chinese Wounded.**

SHANGHAI, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Three more Chinese were wounded to-day in Shanghai's strike as the result of a fracas when pickets tried to prevent a tram from working.

The Police fired into the air before the fracas was quelled.

The strike spread to a number of private concerns to-day, but gas, light and water are not yet affected.

A Korean, believed to be an adherent of Wang Ching-wei, is reported to have been seen haranguing workers last night at several offices where strikes were declared to-day.

**FANLING GOLF STARTING TIMES**

### Sunday OLD COURSE

10.10 R. J. K. Walker, J. B. Harrison.

9.20 T. E. J. D. Somerville.

9.20 F. A. M. Elliott, E. L. Groome.

9.20 I. H. Geare, E. G. Price.

9.20 G. J. Hunter, J. J. Baker.

9.44 F. D. Hunter, Surg. Col. Page.

9.48 Lt. Col. Way, Major Anderson.

10.00 Major H. H. Webb.

10.00 Major MacKenzie, Major Bowe.

**CAMEROONS THANKED.**

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Mr.

Winston Churchill has sent a message of thanks to the French

Cameroons for the message re-

affirming their intention to fight on

by the side of Britain till victory is

won.

**G.P.O. &amp**



Friday.

HONGKONG TELEGRAPH

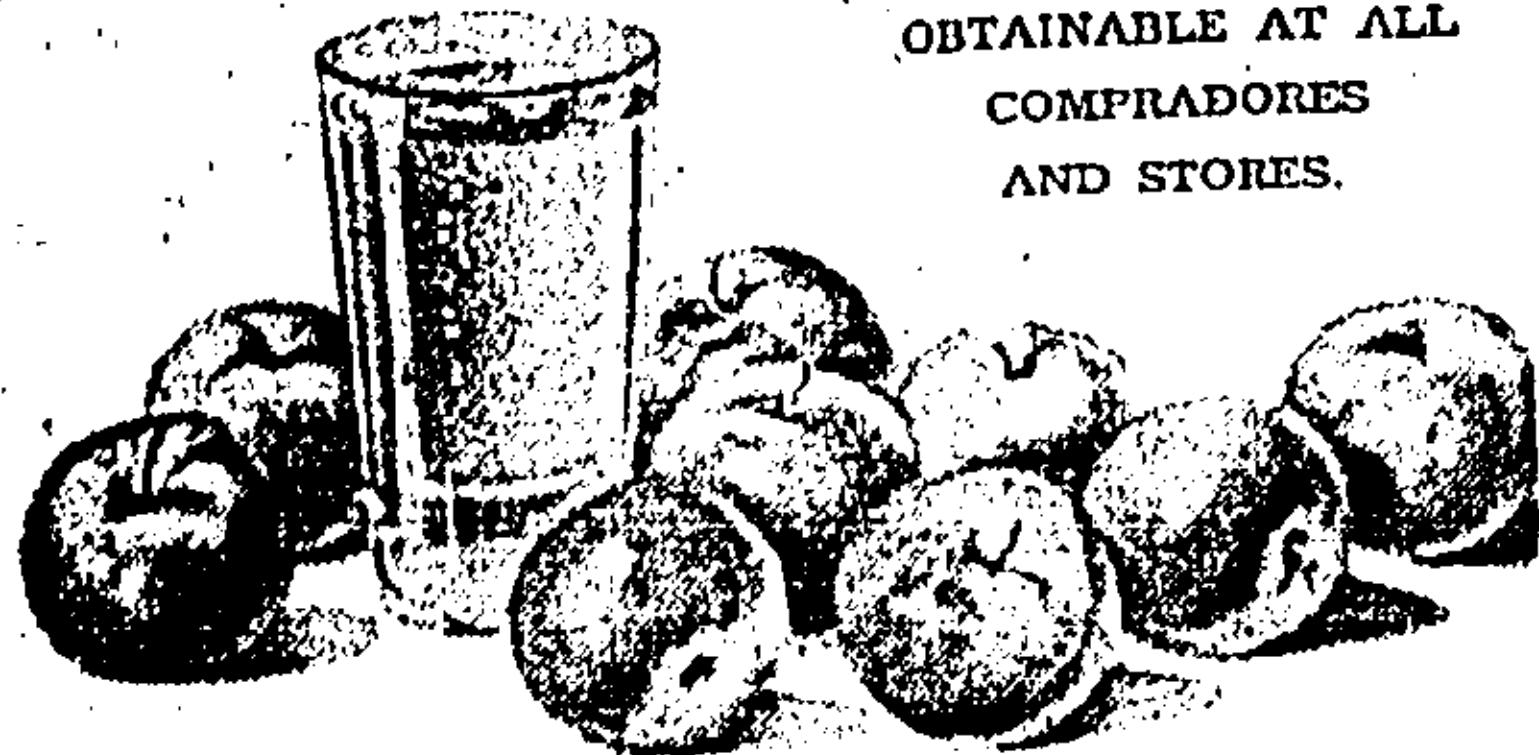
September 27, 1940.

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A DELICIOUS BRAND OF APPLE CIDER  
— MEDIUM SWEET, FRUITY, IT IS AN  
IDEAL DRINK FOR LUNCHEON AND CUPS.

"DRINK APPLES EACH DAY  
THE BULMER WAY."

OBTAIABLE AT ALL  
COMPRADORES  
AND STORES.



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PRODUCED BY JOHN BURLEY  
IN AID OF THE

SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST  
WAR FUND

IN  
THE WEST LOUNGE THEATRE  
ON

WEDNESDAY, 9TH OCTOBER, 1940  
FRIDAY, 11TH " "  
SATURDAY, 12TH " "

AT 9.15 P.M.

TICKETS: \$3.00, \$2.00 & \$1.00

BOOKINGS NOW OPEN AT YMCA, KOWLOON  
AND  
ANDERSON MUSIC CO., ICE HOUSE STREET,  
HONGKONG.

BUILD PERFECT  
HEALTH with these  
5 VITAL ESSENTIALS

THIAMIN\* and 4 other  
important health necessities  
abundant in  
delicious QUAKER OATS



Quaker Oats abounds in health-giving, strength-building  
essentials imparted to it by Nature herself. It is a whole grain  
food unmatched in value for developing strong, healthy bodies

— for energising and revitalising. Its vital nerve-nourishing  
food tonic—Thiamin—alone is invaluable to good health. In  
addition it supplies proteins for muscle building; iron for  
rich blood; phosphorus for strong bones, and vast food  
energy for stamina. Eaten every day it fortifies the system—  
keeps you strong and well. Delicious and economical. Buy a  
tin of this whole grain food today.

LOOK FOR THE  
QUAKER FIGURE  
ON EVERY TIN TO  
BE SURE OF  
GENUINE QUAKER OATS

\*THIAMIN (Vitamin B<sub>1</sub>)  
is a food element that nourishes  
the nerves, promotes energy, aids  
digestion. Vital to perfect health,  
it must be replenished to the sys-  
tem daily.



QUAKER OATS  
COOKS IN 2½ MINUTES

GONE  
ARE THE HORSE  
AND CARRIAGE

And Gone with them are the  
old-fashioned methods of wax-  
ing the carriage.

Have you been using the same  
auto wax for years . . . simply  
through force of habit? . . .  
Don't use a horse and carriage  
auto wax.

It is no longer necessary to  
work all day, to wear yourself  
out . . . to RUB and RUB, in  
order to attain a waterproof,  
weather resisting wax finish for  
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Try WHIZ LONDON COACH  
WAX for longer lasting beauty  
for your automobile and less  
work for you. Your waxing  
troubles like the horse and  
buggy, will be Gone



Sold Here  
HONGKONG  
HOTEL  
GARAGE  
Stubbs Rd.

## DEATH

HSU—On Thursday, September 26, 1940, at his home in Kowloon Tong, Dr George Chien Hsu, beloved husband of Y. P. Shen Hsu, and revered father of Konrad, Joan (Mrs Frank Sato), Edward (Mrs. James Blen) and Rosabel Hsu. Funeral service to be announced later.

## The Hongkong Telegraph.

Friday, September 27, 1940.  
Wyndham St., Hongkong  
Telephone: 26016

THE prefix "Special to the Telegraph" is used by the "Hongkong Telegraph" to indicate news which is strictly confidential under the Post Office and Telecommunications Ordinance, 1934. Such news as bears the indication "U.P." is received in Hongkong or the date of publication is indicated. Press Associations who reserve all rights and forbid republication, either wholly or in part without previous arrangement.

## Britain's Foreign Markets

In a recent article on Great Britain's export trade, *The Economist* pointed out that as "our preparations for offensive action at a later date require the continuance of heavy imports, we must maintain our exports to the highest possible level. The wisdom or necessity for maintaining exports to the highest level has been recognised from the earliest days of the war. In fact the importance of the export trade loomed so largely in the minds of Government officials and industrialists that at one time the production of armaments suffered to an alarming extent. While this attitude has changed very considerably under the Churchill regime, the two-fold object of maintaining the war effort at the highest possible pitch and of keeping a normal flow of exports is recognised as the great problem of the moment.

It is true that inroads on Britain's foreign exchange resources during the first year of the war were not heavy but the continuous and increasing delivery of orders for aeroplanes and armaments from abroad must considerably widen the gap between imports and exports unless the export trade is maintained at a higher level than now reached. To achieve this it is necessary that additional markets should be secured to replace those lost in Europe and that existing transport facilities should be improved.

With this in mind the decision to despatch a mission to the South American countries is welcome. The object of the mission is two-fold. On the one hand the representatives will endeavour to show that it is in the interest of the countries visited, as it is in the interest of the whole world, that Britain should win the war. This should not prove a difficult task especially as the indiscretions of German agents have during the past few months been frequently criticised and condemned. At the same time the British mission will, in collaboration with South American interests, explore every avenue that might lead to a further development of economic relations.

Another mission, though dissimilar in character, is on its way to India. In this case the discussions which will be held at New Delhi next month, will include Empire countries only. Delegates from Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, Southern Rhodesia, Burma, Hongkong, Ceylon and Malaya will meet to devise the best methods for co-ordinating the Empire's war effort. The increased activity in the war zone in Egypt and the Eastern Mediterranean calls for continual supplies from what is known as the Eastern group of Empire countries. These countries will, in fact, be responsible to an increasing extent for the provision of all war materials to that zone.

It is significant that so much of the pattern of their coup d'état follows the previous Fascist model.

The politicians of big business, ally themselves with reactionary generals and Civil servants to overthrow the right of a people to affirm its will.

They refuse the opposition the opportunity of expression. They evade consultation with the organs established to legalise the exercise of power. They seek to break the resistance of their opponents within



"CAN'T YOU STOP THAT NOISE OUTSIDE?"

We fight for ourselves and  
The France of  
to-morrow

By HAROLD  
LASKI

**N**OW that the position of France is crystallising, the first temptation of all will naturally be indignation at the men who, without popular demand or constitutional authority, behind them, have betrayed our Ally.

But indignation is not enough. The right to anger depends upon understanding.

A handful of men, however important, cannot betray forty millions, even in defeat, unless there have been profound social forces behind them which have made that betrayal possible.

Those social forces are unmistakable. They are the influences which in 1848 prevented the political revolution from becoming a social revolution and established Napoleon III—significantly enough a precursor of Hitlerism—in power.

They are the influences which caused resistance to Prussia in 1870 and suppressed the Commune in one of the most bloody massacres of modern times.

## Poisoned Wells

They are the influences which sought to make Dreyfus their victim and were prepared to poison the wells of French justice rather than admit his innocence.

In our own day, they are the influences which used all their power to break the social democracy of the Popular Front, and avowedly preferred an accommodation with Hitler at the price even of the liberties of Western civilisation.

Laval and Bonnet and their like have always been in politics the commercial travellers of big business. They have suffered the existence of political democracy so long as it did not threaten the interests of big business.

They were prepared for its suppression so soon as it appeared that political democracy sought to extend itself beyond the political field. And immediately it was clear that to defeat Germany a wholesale transformation of the French economic and social system was necessary, fatal to the vested interests they represented, they were prepared to sacrifice France to those vested interests.

For, in essence, they have made Hitler Germany the executioner of French political democracy.

## Same Old Model

If they have their way, the new pattern will be a way of life in which the great principles of 1789 will have no place. They have used the opportunity of temporary defeat to inaugurate the counter-revolution.

It is significant that so much of the pattern of their coup d'état follows the previous Fascist model.

The politicians of big business, ally themselves with reactionary generals and Civil servants to overthrow the right of a people to affirm its will.

They refuse the opposition the opportunity of expression. They evade consultation with the organs established to legalise the exercise of power.

They seek to break the resistance of their opponents within

privilege of Great Britain to organised liberation.

Granted that we hold firm, the next year is going to see a new 1848 in Europe, upon an immensely more massive scale; and, this time, there will be no successful counter-revolution.

Granted that we hold firm—that is now the basic condition of all civilised freedom. But to hold firm, we in this country have to emancipate those democratic forces which capitalist democracy has so long held down.

## The Awakening

We also have to discover the dynamic of the masses. We also have to organise the surrender to its claims of those vested interests which have so long stood in the way of its expression.

I think Mr. Churchill understands this; I know that Attlee and Greenwood understand it.

The only way to release this dynamic is by immense and immediate steps to social justice. They and they only will awaken in a full way the whole courage and determination of the people.

They and they only will make it evident to the masses that, with victory, they have in truth nothing to lose but their chains and a world to win.

In a period of acute danger, audacity is the high road to salvation. We must throw overboard tradition and routine; it is these that have, in the service of privilege, made France the victim of their relentless conquerors.

Whether it be the problem of India or of our relations with the Soviet Union, whether it be the profit-system or the mechanisms of Government, what we need now is large-scale and courageous experimentation.

We are unable to mobilise our immense resources by coercion; we can mobilise them by consent.

And the way to consent is to convince the common people that all they may hope to be depends upon victory.

## New World Partners

The way to persuade them to the effort victory requires is to show them by acts now that their hopes have, as victory comes, the certainty of fulfilment.

That is what no French Government sought to do since the war began; that is what the Pétain-Laval Government neither can nor wishes to do. To-day it is Hitler's caretaker; to-morrow it will be the agent of the worst type of French reaction.

It has no other purpose than to maintain the enslavement of France first to the foreign tyrant and, were he to win, later to the forces of corrupt privilege.

The France we in Britain fight now to liberate is the France of the future.

It is a France already restless at the fate that has been imposed upon it.

It is a France, also, ready to operate in the struggle for victory.

In aiding it, we aid ourselves. For we are bound in the future to go forward as partners to a new and a braver world.

Their job is  
Mercy

SPECIAL MESSAGE  
from the Chairman of the  
War Organisation of the  
British Red Cross and Order  
of St. John.

It is difficult for us here, in England, to tell the people of the Colonial Empire how grateful we are for the wonderful effort they have made on behalf of the British Red Cross and Order of St. John War Organisation in this country.

I know very well that many people think the Red Cross is merely a money-collecting agency, and that what we give out to the press as to the way in which their money is spent very often does not reach them. May I therefore tell you a few things which we have done since the beginning of the War to carry out our great task of mercy and relief of suffering.

We sent out to France something between £30,000-£40,000 worth of medical comforts and stores.

We sent out 58 vehicles, including 20 Ambulances fully equipped; we established large Stores at Dieppe and Boulogne; we established a Convalescent Home for Officers, and another for Nurses, and equipped and staffed them.

We sent to Finland £12,000 worth of medical supplies. Two aeroplanes were sent the moment Finland asked us for help, with stocks of chloroform, inoculation serum and essential drugs.

We sent more than £12,000 worth of medical stores to Norway in the same way, the moment they asked us.

In both cases difficulties of transport were very great.

We have a large Department which deals entirely with the dispatch of parcels of food, clothing and necessities to prisoners of war in enemy hands. In the last war we spent close on £4,000,000 on this work alone.

We have another large Department which concerns itself with inquiries by people for their wounded and missing relatives. This work is of such immense value that it alone would almost justify the existence of the Red Cross. At the present moment it is dealing with thousands of letters a day from anxious people seeking information concerning their wounded and missing relatives.

We also offer help to relatives in visiting dangerously wounded or sick soldiers in hospital. This was done first in France and is now carried on in England, often entailing finding temporary accommodation for people in the vicinity of hospitals.

In May came the tragic collapse of Belgium, the return of the B.E.F. and later the collapse of France.

Everything we had at Boulogne, and all our Ambulances fell into the hands of the enemy. We hoped that we might have received the stores at Dieppe, and our staff, at great risk to themselves, went back time after time getting the stores out and away to the West Coast, but such was the rush to save human lives, we, at the last moment, had to abandon them.

We have lost everything we put into France, and all that has to be replaced.

Our trained stretcher-bearers and V.A.D.s worked day and night to remove the sick and wounded from the ships and take them to trains and hospitals.

Then the wounded began to pour back to England, and in the first days of the Dunkirk evacuation we were asked for £30,000 worth of hospital comforts which we delivered to hospitals all over England.

We have constant demands on us to help with hospital stores and clothing sailors who have been shipwrecked and, in many cases, wounded by enemy action. All our existing County Organisations are told to find and open all that is needed for that work.

The Ministry of Health, in whose charge the wounded are now, have called upon us to find 10,000 beds at very short notice. They will help with the cost of equipping these hospitals, which may amount to as many as 200, all over the British Isles, but it will cost the British Red Cross and St. John War Organisation huge sums to staff and maintain them.

We have undertaken to find for the War Office and Ministry of Health anything up to 200 Ambulances and we are well on the way to doing so. A large number of these Ambulances are being supplied through the generosity of the Dominions, Colonies and British Communities in all parts of the world. 50 of them have been promised by Canadian; 50 by America; and we have now another offer from America of anything up to 200. We, of course, have to staff and equip them.

We, the War Organisation of the British Red Cross and Order of St. John, are determined come what may to carry out our duties to the sick and wounded and, finally, the confidence which the public have so generally placed in us.

NORWAY'S KING DEFIES NAZIS

# HAAKON BROADCASTS A STIRRING MESSAGE

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—It is learned that the London announcement to the Norwegian people replying to the German decisions announced by the Reich's Commissar, Herr Terboven, in Norway last night was adopted by King Haakon and his State Council to-day and broadcast to Norway.

Referring to the new body which is to govern Norway, the announcement says: "The new ruling body has no basis except with the German conquering force in Norway, and it will be compelled to govern according to the orders of its German masters."

"The new ruling body has no kind of independence and does not represent a free independent state. The people have lost their sacred right in their own home."

**"Shame and Sorrow"**

Pointing out that not one member of the Storting has placed himself at the disposal of the Reich Commissar by entering the ruling body set up, the announcement says: "It is with shame and sorrow that he (King Haakon) has been able to find Norwegians willing to accept appointments as members of such a régime and thereby be guilty of betraying the first command of the Constitution, namely to keep the liberty and independence of Norway."

The announcement concludes: "On behalf of the people, the King and Government will continue to fight until the country has regained its liberty and independence. In the certain knowledge that they are the true representatives of the people's will to liberty, they call the Norwegian people to home. Stand firm and remain faithful to Norway's free Constitution, and together we shall win a victory for all Norwegians."

In a speech endorsing the declaration, which was also broadcast, King Haakon said: "I would not be true to my duty towards our common fatherland if I gave up the fight for the liberty of Norway, which has been forced upon us."

## HARDSHIPS OF CHANNEL IS. BRITONS

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Purchases are made by German soldiers in the Channel Islands with what are called "occupation marks," which are fixed at seven to the pound.

The Channel Islanders do not expect they will ever be redeemed.

All public houses are closed. There is no beer or whisky. Forced labour has been instituted to make good the damage done to hotels and buildings in Jersey.

A few islanders have escaped but it is a risky business attempting to escape, which is an offence punished by death.

Nazi troops keep a constant watch along the coasts.

There are no German planes; the aerodromes have been abandoned.

Like everywhere else under the Nazi thumb, it is an offence to listen to English broadcasts.

## BRITISH TANK ENGINES FROM DETROIT WORKS

NEW YORK, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The closing of the contract for the production of 6,000 tank engines for Britain by the Continental Motors Corporation is reported, according to the Detroit correspondent of the Dow Jones Agency.

It is learned unofficially that the contract has resulted in preparations to re-open the Detroit factory which has been closed since 1939.

## Plane Finds Survivors From City of Benares

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—A Sunderland flying boat of the Coastal Command yesterday found 46 survivors, including children, of the torpedoed City of Benares, drifting in an open boat 600 miles from land.

They were picked up by a British warship and are expected to land in a British port to-night.

The survivors had been adrift since their ship was torpedoed in mid-Atlantic on September 17, while taking British children to Canada under the evacuation scheme.

Two Sunderland flying boats, one belonging to the Royal Australian Air Force, shared in the rescue.

**Found By Lamp Signals**

The Australian Sunderland had just been relieved from a convoy escort when it found the lifeboat. The captain flew to the convoy and asked the captain of the R.A.F. Sunderland, which had taken over from him, to see to the rescue of survivors because his petrol was running low.

**METROPOLE HOTEL**  
CENTRAL - CLEAN  
COMFORTABLE - FIREPROOF

## Bombing Attacks By R.A.F. Described

**Vivid Stories**

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The pilots of bombing aircraft which carried out a raid on German and occupied Channel ports last night testified to the accuracy of the bomb-aiming of bombs, fell across the yard and exploded on some warehouses which came crashing down. Bomb bursts were soon followed by four explosions.

Another pilot who raided Boulogne saw bombing going on at Calais as they were crossing the Channel. A string of fires lighting up the railway junctions guided them to Boulogne. He cruised over the target area until the bombardier sighted the objective properly.

The last of four bombs dropped caused a huge red flash as though a gas-holder or something like that had gone up.

The cabin of the aircraft was lit up with a red glow.

The violent explosions buried railway trucks in the air when Blenheims of the Coastal Command bombed railway sidings at Brest. The sidings and oil tanks were bombed systematically.

Anson aircraft also visited the port later and did great damage to a torpedo boat station as well as quays and jetties.

## SPANISH POLICY IS TO AWAIT American Entry Into War

MADRID, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Despite Senor Suner's visit to Hitler yesterday, Berlin correspondents of Spanish papers have practically ceased speculating on reasons for the journey and mostly confine themselves to-day with the rumoured military agreement between Germany and Japan.

It is noteworthy that no Cabinet meeting has been held here since Senor Suner's absence, presumably to be necessary before any actual agreement could be reached on any major issue.

Spain's wider policy is likely to be decided by the course of the war and not by conversations, and it is interesting to note the increased attention paid by the Spanish Press in the last two days to the possibility of the United States entering the war.

On the other hand, General de Gaulle's withdrawal from Dakar is considered here as a British reverse and it is asked why Marshal Petain's ships were allowed to pass Gibraltar in route for Dakar.

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The fact remains, however, that the population of French Africa is giving daily evidence of its patriotism in spite of all the stern measures adopted by the German Government.

The magnificent effort of the Free French will not be relaxed because of the fall of Dakar.

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General de Gaulle and all who have rallied round him are all the more resolved to carry out their aims to demand that part of the Empire which is

# Second Half Season Opens Brilliantly

... AND TWENTY-FIVE  
WERE LEFT



Viceroy, winner of the Vaucluse Handicap (D. Black up) being led in first ahead of W. G. Poy on Springburst. There was a record field of 23 for this event.—Ming Yuen.

## TRACK TOO SMALL FOR RECORD FIELD

### Vaucluse Handicap Marred By Congestion

ONE OF THE LARGEST FIELDS was seen in the Vaucluse Handicap for "B" class Australian ponies over six furlongs, but the grass track was too small for a record acceptance of 23 starters. The panoramic display of all sorts of racing colours was superb, but racing was poor.

It was a great pity that this sprint contest was not divided into two sections at the discretion of the handicapper, for the public would have got a better run for their money.

When Mr. Potts raised the barrier, the field moved away like a procession, and a good majority could only start running when those fortunate ones in front had gone fifty yards. However, Viceroy justified the confidence placed by the public, and Donald Black, of course, rode a great race on the winner.

### ALL-COMERS CHALLENGED!

A CHALLENGE to all water-polo teams in the Colony is issued by The Beachcombers, a newly formed team that has already administered defeat to several of the Army Units teams.

The Beachcombers' home pool is at the Naval Dockyard, and replies and enquiries should be addressed to B. A. McKenzie c/o the Royal Naval Dockyard.

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## Daily Double Pool Carried Over:

### G. Treverton Graduates Out Of Novices Class

(By "Captain Foster")

THE SECOND HALF of the racing season, which opened at Happy Valley last Saturday, was graced by the presence of His Excellency the acting Governor, Lt.-General E. F. Norton, who was entertained to lunch by the chairman of the Hongkong Jockey Club, Mr. T. E. Pearce, in his private box.

His Excellency was greeted with every conceivable thrill known on the racecourse, and the meeting must have undoubtedly impressed him very much.

A most interesting and important feature was the graduation of his Private Secretary, Mr. G. Treverton, from the apprentice class on Strathbannock (owned by Mr. J. F. Macgregor who was not present) in the Island Bay Handicap (second section), which event was the second leg of the daily double. The combination was responsible for the biggest dividend of the meeting, namely, \$492.60 for a win, and that was not all. March Brown (G. W. Cooper) closed the end of a sunny day with a pay out of \$136.50 for a win, and Blue Diamond (S. W. Lee) astounded the "early risers" by romping home second in the Tweed Island Bay Handicap paying \$125 for a place.

The carrying over of the Daily Double pool of \$6,425 to the next meeting must have caused heartache to quite a few punters who failed to find the second leg.

#### Last Carry-over

IT may be of interest to know that the last pool carried over was \$7,625 at the St. Andrew's meeting held on December 2, when the winner (Ajax) coupled with Loquacious, Macquarie River, Ruby Star, Schmetterling, and Tarzan was not considered to have a chance in the Auld Reekie Handicap.

Last Saturday the most amazing part of the story was that all the runners save Strathbannock were backed, and Mr. Macgregor's candidate did not win by the length of Wong-Nei-Chong road, the verdict was short head.

#### High Standard

RACING on the whole was of high standard, with several tight finishes. There were dead-heats between Income Tax (Wel) and Brown Derby (Black) for the first place in the Gosford Handicap for "C" class Australian ponies, and Rowan (Heene) and Pumpernickel (B. L. Tao) for the lowest position in the Vaucluse Handicap for "B" class Australian ponies.

#### Record Field

The fields were above the average, in fact record was established when 23 racers were weighed out for the Vaucluse Handicap for "B" class Australian ponies over six furlongs. The last biggest field was 18 starters in the Flemington Plate at the Annual Carnival.

The writer mentioned in his racing notes of September 6, that the sharp turn of the grass track from the three furlong post up to the entrance of the home stretch had been banked, the elevation being about 18 inches, and it is interesting to reveal that last Saturday all the runners kept to their course without losing ground when the pack entered the straight.

It was certainly a surprise to see Pumpernickel keeping the coast and the bay dead-heated Rowan for the third position in the frame. However, with the sharp bend raised we

## Jockey Club Draw For Australian Griffins

AT THE Hongkong Jockey Club stables last Tuesday there was a big attendance of interested owners and racing fans to witness the draw of 113 Australian subscription griffins for 1941's racing.

It will be recalled that the original order placed with Wm. A. Jones Pty. Ltd., of Melbourne was for 125 ponies. However six griffins died on the way from Australia and a similar amount was rejected by the Stewards of the Hongkong Jockey Club.

The drawing of the lucky numbers from the barrel for these 113 griffins was done by Mrs. T. E. Pearce and Mrs. D. C. Edmondson, and after the

meeting they were thanked by the Chairman for their "hard work."

No owner has drawn more than one pony.

There are several new sires unknown to the racing public, but Double Court heads the list, with offspring that have always done well at Happy Valley.

It would be a folly to say which is the best pick, but judging from appearances I like the following Nos. 3, 4, 5, 11, 13, 15, 20, 34, 35, 69, 73, 85, 91, 101, 110, 113, and 116. I shall be disappointed if they do not turn up at the Annual Meeting.

## Chan Chun-nam Breaks Colony Quarter-Mile Free-Style Record

### Comparative Times

Chan Chun-nam	Charles Huang
29	50 yds. 31 1/2
63 1/2	100 yds. 68 1/2
1.40 1/2	150 yds. 1.46 1/2
2.18 1/2	200 yds. 2.26 1/2
2.32 1/2	250 yds. 3.07 1/2
2.57 1/2	300 yds. 3.49
3.36	350 yds. 4.31 1/2
4.15 1/2	400 yds. 5.15 1/2
4.55 1/2	440 yds. 5.48 1/2

## Ng Nin Equals Record For Fifty Yards

### THRILLING RELAY RACES

(By "Tinker")

SCORING HIS SECOND great victory, and breaking his second record in the current Colony swimming championships, Chan Chun-nam lowered W. Lawrence's 1935 time of 5 mins. 26 2/5 secs. by 4/5 secs. in the final of the quarter-mile event at the Victoria Recreation Club yesterday. And in the first race on the programme—the 50 yards free-style—Ng Nin equalled the Colony record of 25 4/5 secs.

But the most thrilling moments were reserved until the end of the evening, when the men's and women's 150 yards medley relay races were swum. In both these events the V.R.C. scored narrow victories—the women by a touch—and the ringing cheers of the spectators must have been heard from far away.

It is pleasant to reflect on those two last races, for they provided as exciting a climax to a day's racing as any organisation Committee could wish.

In the men's race, the prodigious efforts of Ng Nin (breast-stroke for Chung Sing) and D.

H. Taylor (freestyle for V.R.C.) were inspiring, while in the women's race, Miss V. Churn's great breast-stroke dash that converted a deficit of two or three yards into a gain that Miss J. Anderson held to win by a touch, was a period of horse and tense excitement for the spectators.

The evening opened with an event almost as fine as those with which it concluded.

The 50 yards free-style proved a Judge's nightmare. Except for first place, the order of finish was one that only electrical timing could settle conclusively. The judges went into conference for several minutes before they could sift the second and third placings.

One thing was certain and that was that stop-watches timing one-fifths of a second were useless in assisting, for the fractional differences were far smaller.

#### Women's Breast-stroke

MISS Lee Po-luen was alone in the women's 100 yards breast-stroke. Occupying the first three positions in the 220 on Wednesday, they would undoubtedly have taken the same in the quarter-mile last night had Ng Nin not hurt his head in the 50 yards sprint.—Staff Photographer.

### Latest

### From The Novice Ranks

### \$492 Dividend To Celebrate Success

MR. G. TREVERTON rode a splendid race on Strathbannock to emerge from the novice class, the jockey taking a little over two years to join the "black letters" brigade.

He entered the arena on May 1, 1938, at a Macao meeting and his maiden mount on Country Flower finished in the ruck. After a few more unplaced outings in Hongkong and Macao, he decided to join the ranks of owners and "beginner's luck" was undoubtedly with him. His purchase, Brutus, gave him not only a lot of fun, but the boy was a paying proposition, and there was no doubt that he had an "eye" for a "dumb friend".

#### HIS FIRST WIN

HE rode his maiden win on Brutus in the Newcastle Handicap over a distance from the two mile post, once round and in, on November 16, 1938, and the combination delighted 90 staunch supporters with a handsome dividend at \$144.00.

Before the season was over his second success was on Lattatt in the Autumn Handicap (second section) and the pony did not win by the length of the Macao Jockey Club and the pony paid \$27.70 for a win.

In 1939 he scored only three wins in Avon, Green Bay and Lovely Star, but the present season brought him success on Rose, Evelyn, Valorous, Bruno (his own pony) and March Brown, and the tenth win registered last Saturday.

#### FOND OF JUMPING

IN addition to flat racing Mr. Treverton is very fond of jumping over the sticks, and one of his most important achievements was on Brutus, annexing the 1939 Australian Grand National under the auspices of the Fanning Hunt and Race Club. However, it is hoped that he will be more successful among the experienced riders at Happy Valley.

#### HIGH SPOT OF THE DAY

THE HIGH SPOT on Saturday was the comfortable win of a Green Time piloted by Froulx in the Port Phillip Handicap, beating Tarzan (Wel) by two clear lengths.

There was some heavy betting on Venus Bay, and the beautiful progeny of Double Court cost the fans \$8,515, the equivalent to 1,303 tickets for a win.

shall not see any more ponies running wide or out and there will be less "means" among the punters.

## MARCH BROWN IN FRONT FROM START TO FINISH

ADOPTING a different strategy, Garry Cooper took March Brown out to the front in the Junk Bay Handicap (second section) for "D" class China ponies over the mile, and the "advance guard" never looked back again to win on the bit, beating the much fancied Double Chance (Young Wing-kwai) by four lengths.

It was Cooper's first success at Happy Valley and the pony paid \$136.50 for a win.

The owner, Mr. W. E. Grieve, left the colony this morning to join the colours in India, and it is hoped that when on parade the order "Quick March" will bring back the sweet recollection of March Brown's success.

The boy has found a new home and his next appearance at the Wing-kwai will be under Mr. W. T. Slaney's racing colours.

#### Resisting Time Promoted

RESISTING TIME had an easy passage in the Island Bay Handicap (first section) for "C" class China ponies.

As a result of his success the stallion has been promoted to "B" class and he should be watched.

#### Cash Sweep Winner Donates \$10,149 To Macao Hospital

MACAO, Sept. 24.—Mr. Yiu Kwan-shek, a Macao merchant, who won the first prize of \$10,149.60, Hongkong Currency, in the Cash Sweep drawn at the race meeting of the Macao Jockey Club on September 19, attended a dinner given by him at the Ng Chai Hotel, here that he would donate the sum of \$10,149.60, Chinese National currency, to the Macao Kiang Wu Hospital for charitable purposes.

Mr. Leung Han-uen, Chairman of the Hospital Committee, thanked Mr. Yiu for his offer.—Our Own Correspondent

## JUST ARRIVED AFTERNOON DRESSES

IN  
LIGHT WEIGHT WOOL

### DESIGNS ARE ATTRACTIVE

#### COLOURS

POWDER BLUE

WINE

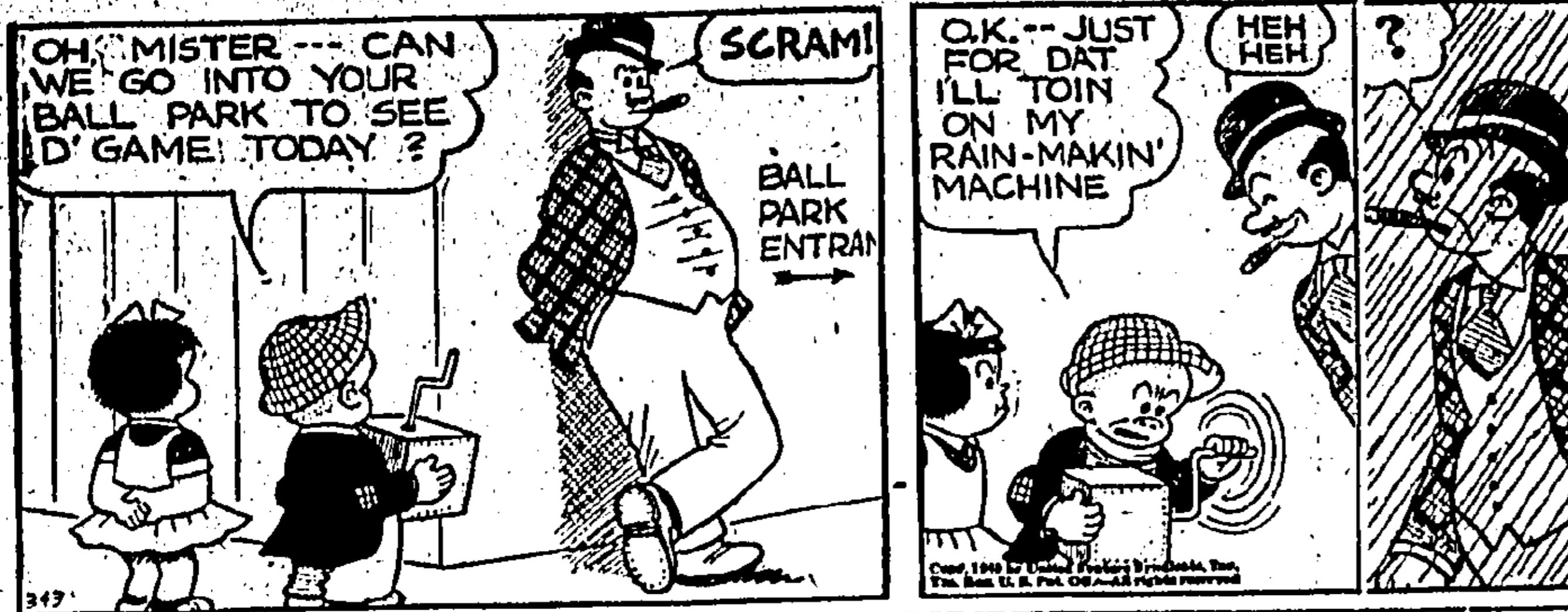
TWO-TONE BLACK

PLAIN BLACK

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Salon

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## NANCY



By Ernie Bushmiller



For greater smoking enjoyment — give me

**Craven 'A'**

they never vary!

'TRU-VAC' TINS OF 50  
FLAT POCKET TINS OF 20 and 50  
also PACKETS OF 10

MADE SPECIALLY TO PREVENT SORE THROATS

LONDON MADE BY CARRERAS LTD.

## Daily Double Debacle Strathbannock Upsets All Calculations

(By "Captain Foster")

I THOUGHT Conquering Time was going to lose the Tweed Island Bay Handicap (which was the first leg of the daily double), for coming down the hill the mare was not well placed in the running. Hopeful Star, Jennifer and Ronson were doing the running, and these three smashers were out to kill each other.

### CHAN CHUN-NAN BREAKS RECORD

(Continued from Page 6.)

place, wisely reserved herself for the relay that was to come. The race, therefore, was between Miss Ho Wat-man and Miss Ko Muling for second. Miss Ko took a narrow lead over the first 50 yards and maintained that to beat Miss Ho by 4 sec.

#### Quarter-mile Record

NG Nin, too, resting after his great effort in the 50 yards and recovering from the effects of a blow when he swam head on to the end of the bath in that race, withdrew from the quarter-mile; and in view of Chan Chun-nam's record breaking swim it was most unlikely that Ng Nin would have placed better than second.

Charles Huang was left to offer opposition, but he refused to be inveigled into another heart-breaking opening as happened in the 220 free-style on Wednesday, and swam his own race.

His time was not one to be considered seriously for he must have realised as the race progressed that second place was the best he could manage. Yau Sui-kwan was ever (for Huang) comfortably in the rear.

#### Boys' 100 Yards

G. YANOVICH showed G. splendid judgment in his race for the Boys' 100 yards. Championship of the Colony.

For three lengths he was content to keep close behind J. Gomes, the only other competitor, but over the last length spurted so well that he seemed to have just entered the bath.

#### The Relays

THE women's relay is to be remembered — firstly for Miss L. Sudick's fine turn of speed for the 50 yds. backstroke that gave Chinese Bathing Club about three yards lead over the V.R.C. when Miss Lo Po-kam took over — secondly for Miss Churn's butterfly effort that reduced those three yards to nil and then to a lead of about two feet — and finally for Miss J. Anderson's free-style sprint that staved off the split-second challenge of Miss Ho Wai-king to give the V.R.C. a touch victory.

#### Hurly-burly of Speed

THE men's race was a hurly-burly of dazzling speed up and down the pool. A great struggle was expected between Chung Sing and the V.R.C. 'A' and a great struggle there was.

A. K. Rumjohn, back-stroke, gave V.R.C. 'A' about a yard lead, but then came Ng Nin's greatest effort of the evening when he set out to overtake D. Hutchinson, whose prowess with the butterfly stroke is also top class.

But he did it, and gave Wong Chi-hung the slightest advantage

A perusal of the times chalked up by the timekeeper would show that two furlongs from the 1/4-mile beacon to the last 1/4-mile post were covered in 27.1/6 seconds. It was a fast run and there was no doubt that Wei on Conquering Time preferred to be within striking distance.

As they neared the distance, Jennifer and Ronson started to lower their anchors, but Hopeful Star had to face the challenge of Conquering Time and Blue Diamond.

After a see-saw run down the straight Conquering Time crossed the bar first, and two lengths behind came Blue Diamond, who nosed out Hopeful Star for second prize stake money.

Blue Diamond with new colours of Mr. S. W. Lee and ridden by the owner gave the punters a rude shock and the mare paid \$125 for a place.

Behind the first three placed ponies were Lancashire Lass, Red Feather, Avon and Bear Claw, the last named putting up a poor show.

### VICTORIA DISAPPOINTS

VICTORIA was backed for a fourth to win the Island Bay Handicap (second section) and the mare let the punters fraternally down to the tune of 1,750 stakes for a win valued at \$8,775.

It was in this event that Strathbannock was not considered to have a chance for the second leg of the daily double.

over D. H. Taylor. Ng Nin was timed at 29 1/2 secs. for his breast-stroke.

Wong turned at the end before Taylor, but the latter almost lifted himself out of the water over the last length, 100 yards, 25 1/2 sec. and beat Wong by 3 sec.

The Relays

CHAMPIONSHIPS

50 yards — 1. Ng Nin (V.R.C. Sing); 2. D. Hutchinson (V.R.C.); 3. D. H. Taylor (V.R.C.); 23/1/6; 4. Ng Tsun (Chung Sing) 25 2/6; 5. Fung Kwai-sang (Lai Tsun) 20 1/6; 6. Ng Po-kuang (Lai Tsun) 22 1/6; 7. Wong Chi-hung (Lai Tsun) 22 1/6; 8. Ko Muling (South China) 23; 9. 2. Ko Muling (Lai Tsun) 21 2/6; 3. Ho Wei-man (C.C.C.) 22 1/6; 4. Au Mel-chuen, 23 2/6; 10. 100 yards — 1. G. Yvanovich, 26 4/5; 2. J. Gomes, 27 2/5.

Men's 440 — 1. Chan Chun-nam (Lai Tsun) 52 2/6 (record); 2. Charles Huang (V.R.C.) 53 2/6; 3. Yau Sui-kwan (Lai Tsun).

Women's 100 yards medley relay — 1. Yau Sui-kwan (Lai Tsun); 2. Chung Sing (Shek Kam-pui); 3. Ng Nin (Wong Chi-hung); 1.27 2/6; 4. V.R.C. B (Ho Rosa-Pereira, Chung Sing, C. Oliveira, G. Yvanovich); 1.27 2/6; 5. University A (Wong Yat-hung, W. H. Gregg, Ng Tsun-man); 1.34; 6. Wong Yat-hung (Lai Tsun); 7. Au Kwok-ki; 1.36 3/5.

V.R.C. EVENTS

220 yards junior — 1. C. Silva-Netto, 2.43 1/6; 2. A. V. Ozorio, 2.46 3/8; 3. L. M. Remedios, 2.63; 4. Luis M. Remedios, 2.63.

100 yards junior — 1. breast-stroke — 1. J. Marques, 1.02; 2. L. M. Remedios, 1.23 2/3; 3. J. Alex Gomes, 1.21.

100 yards aggregate breast-stroke — 1. J. Marques, 1.02; 2. J. Gomes, 82 1/8; 3. J. Pereira, 91 3/8; 4. G. Yvanovich, 84 2/5.

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High Water: 18:37  
Low Water: 23:34

# The Hongkong Telegraph.

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## ROOSEVELT PLACES EMBARGO ON WAR MATERIALS TO JAPAN

### All Countries Affected Except England

### JAPANESE EYES ON HONGKONG

#### Retired Officers' Demands

Special to the "Telegraph"

An organisation of retired Japanese army officers, known as the Meiringkai, have presented a petition to the Government demanding that Japan immediately approach the United States for clarification of the Singapore base reports, and that Japan should immediately seize Hongkong and Singapore if the reply is "unsatisfactory".

This was revealed by travellers from Tokyo who arrived in Shanghai this morning, says a "United Press" report from the northern port.

These travellers reported increasing anti-American sentiment in Tokyo, including signs around the American Embassy in English which state: "Japan will not permit British and American influence in Asia."

Closely associated with authoritative quarters in Tokyo, the travellers declared that the Emperor has sanctioned an alliance with Germany and Italy which will not be signed before the Privy Council gives its ratification; ratification is expected daily, because the Radicals, who are apparently now in control, are clamouring for an early announcement of the alliance.

It is understood that the German Ambassador has assured the Japanese that the Russo-German pact is working well, for which reason he is also urging Japan to make overtures to Russia.

#### Only The Start

It is declared that foreign diplomatic circles in Tokyo are convinced that the invasion of Indo-China is only the beginning of the Japanese expansion. They believe that the Japanese Government is prepared to defy Britain and America as a result of receiving promises of German support.

A copy of the "Yomiuri Shimbun" dated September 24 which arrived in Shanghai from Tokyo this morning stated that the former Japanese Consul-General in Honolulu, who had returned to Yokohama from Hawaii on September 22 had declared:

"In connection with Japanese-American relations, the Japanese in Hawaii are all ready to undergo reactions in accordance with Japanese national policy."

#### Japan Prepared

#### SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

TOKYO, Sept. 27 (Domei).—Authorized quarters declare that Japan is fully prepared to meet all possible steps likely to be taken by the United States. This was the comment to-day on the reported total American ban on the exports of iron and steel scrap, and the extension of a new loan to Chungking.

While detailed official reports are still lacking and full circumstances leading up to the reported American action are yet to be clarified, informed quarters understand that the Washington steps are apparently designed to bring pressure to bear upon

TURN to Page 2, Column Seven



President Roosevelt

Special to the "Telegraph"

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26, (UP).—THE UNITED STATES HAS PLACED AN EMBARGO ON SHIPMENTS OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, AND IMPORTANT WAR MATERIALS TO ALL COUNTRIES INCLUDING JAPAN OUTSIDE THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE, WITH THE EXCEPTION OF GREAT BRITAIN. THE EMBARGO BECOMES EFFECTIVE ON OCTOBER 16.

Of the large number of nations affected Japan alone has been a consistent heavy purchaser, Italy's recent heavy trade having been cut off by the British blockade.

#### AIMED AT JAPAN

President Roosevelt's announcement of the embargo stressed that the measure is intended to conserve the United States supplies of scrap, but Mr. Stephen Early, White House Secretary, to-day revealed that the President has been preoccupied with the Far Eastern crisis due to Japan's action in Indo-China and the dispute regarding control in Shanghai.

"The President has been virtually continuously in consultation, mainly by telephone, with Mr. Cordell Hull on the Far Eastern situation," Mr. Early said.

#### PETROLEUM MAY BE NEXT

He added that he had no information regarding the reports that the embargo might soon be proclaimed on all grades of petroleum.

The White House announcement avoided any reference whatsoever to the situation in the Orient.

Japan purchased approximately one third of America's exports of iron and steel scrap during the first seven months of 1940, according to Department of Commerce figures.

The total exported was 1,796,000 tons of which 525,000 tons went to Japan and 589,000 tons to Great Britain.

During the corresponding period in 1939 Japan took a total of 1,155,000 tons from a total of 2,123,000 tons exported, compared with Britain's 254,000 tons.

#### Text of Announcement

"Domel" gives the text of the announcement which is as follows: "The President has approved early establishment of additional controls on the exportation of iron and steel scrap with a view to conserving available supply to meet the rapidly expanding requirements of the defense programme in this country.

"Effective October 15 all outstanding balances of the licences which have been granted pursuant to the existing regulations of July 26 for the exportation of No. 1 heavy melting steel scrap will be revoked.

"On October 16, the exportation of all grades of iron and steel scrap will be placed under the licensing system.

The new exportation limitation will be applied to 75 types of iron and steel scrap."

Under the new regulation which will be made effective on October 16, licences will be issued to permit shipments to the countries in the Western Hemisphere and Great Britain only."

#### Direct Challenge

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28 (Reuter).—The embargo on the export of scrap

TURN to Page 2, Column Seven

## Southampton Suffers Worst Raid Of War

Special to the "Telegraph"

LONDON, Sept. 27 (UP).—Southampton yesterday suffered the worst raid of the whole war when 50 German planes dived on the town despite an intense anti-aircraft barrage and dropped many high explosive bombs causing considerable damage and rendering hundreds homeless.

At least one German plane was destroyed being blown to pieces

on the north-east coast, causing some damage and casualties but the number of fatal injuries is small," said an Air Ministry communiqué.

The measure seeks to organize civilians in every village and province throughout the Straits Settlements into a co-ordinated army for use in case of possible foreign invasion.

It is declared that non-European British subjects as well as citizens of the British Protectorates may have to

remain in church halls and schools.

"During the morning enemy aircraft operating for the most part singly, approached the east and south

coast but few penetrated far inland.

Bombs were dropped at two points on

the north-east coast, causing some

damage and casualties but the num-

ber of fatal injuries is small," said

an Air Ministry communiqué.

Late yesterday afternoon attacks

were made on a number of towns on the Channel coast from Hastings to

Southampton where damage was done

and a number of people were killed or injured. Bombs were also dropped

on a town in the Midlands where some houses were damaged but no

serious casualties were reported.

Admitted by friend and foe to be the finest bayonet fighters in the world, British troops manning England's coast are itching to get to grips with the Nazis in hand-to-hand fighting. Neither are they allowing themselves to become out of practice in the art as this picture vividly shows. In the above photograph we see some of the famous Black Watch showing how bayonet charges should be successfully carried out.

## ITALIAN BASES SHELLED

Invasion Plans Thwarted

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

ALEXANDRIA, Sept. 26 (Domei).—It is officially disclosed that British warships crept into the coastal waters off Sidi Barrani at dawn on Wednesday and shelled the Italian invasion bases from point-blank.

It is claimed that the shelling inflicted severe damage to the Italian positions and it is believed that the Italian plans for renewal of the Egyptian offensive have been effectively dislocated.

## LATEST

### Indo-China Given Assurances

TOKYO, Sept. 27 (Reuter).—A joint communiqué issued regarding the Indo-China agreement says that the Japanese have assured France that they will respect the sovereignty and integrity of Indo-China.

The spokesman of the Japanese Foreign Office refused to reveal whether any limitations in scope had been placed on the Japanese

Mystery Conference Called

TOKYO, Sept. 27 (Reuter).—Foreign correspondents in Tokyo have been requested to attend a special conference at an unspecified time to-night, when they will be given an announcement of special importance.

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

VICHY, Sept. 28 (Domei).—According to authorized quarters at Vichy, the first British attack on Dakar on September 24 caused casualties of 185 killed and 363 wounded.

Casualties in the subsequent bombardments are said to be even heavier.

DOVER, Sept. 27 (UP).—Brilliant firework display along the French coast where Royal Air Force bombers apparently continue to hammer German concentrations.

See Back Page For Further Late News

## How Japan Will Be Hit By The Embargo

Special to the "Telegraph"

NEW YORK Sept. 26 (Domei).—Steel industry sources estimate that Japan can acquire no more than 100,000 tons of steel scrap during the three weeks before the U.S. embargo is effectuated, if the present rate of purchasing continues.

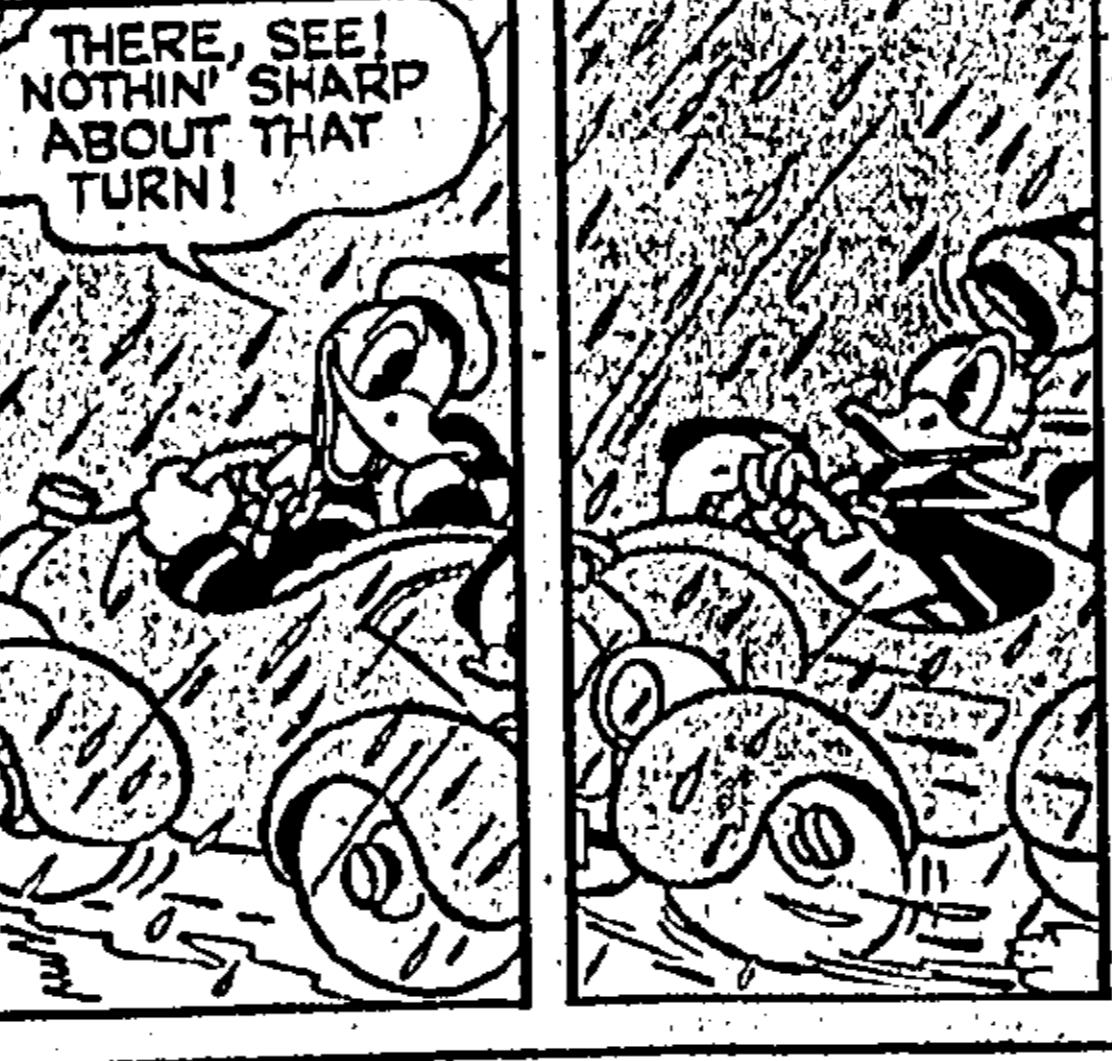
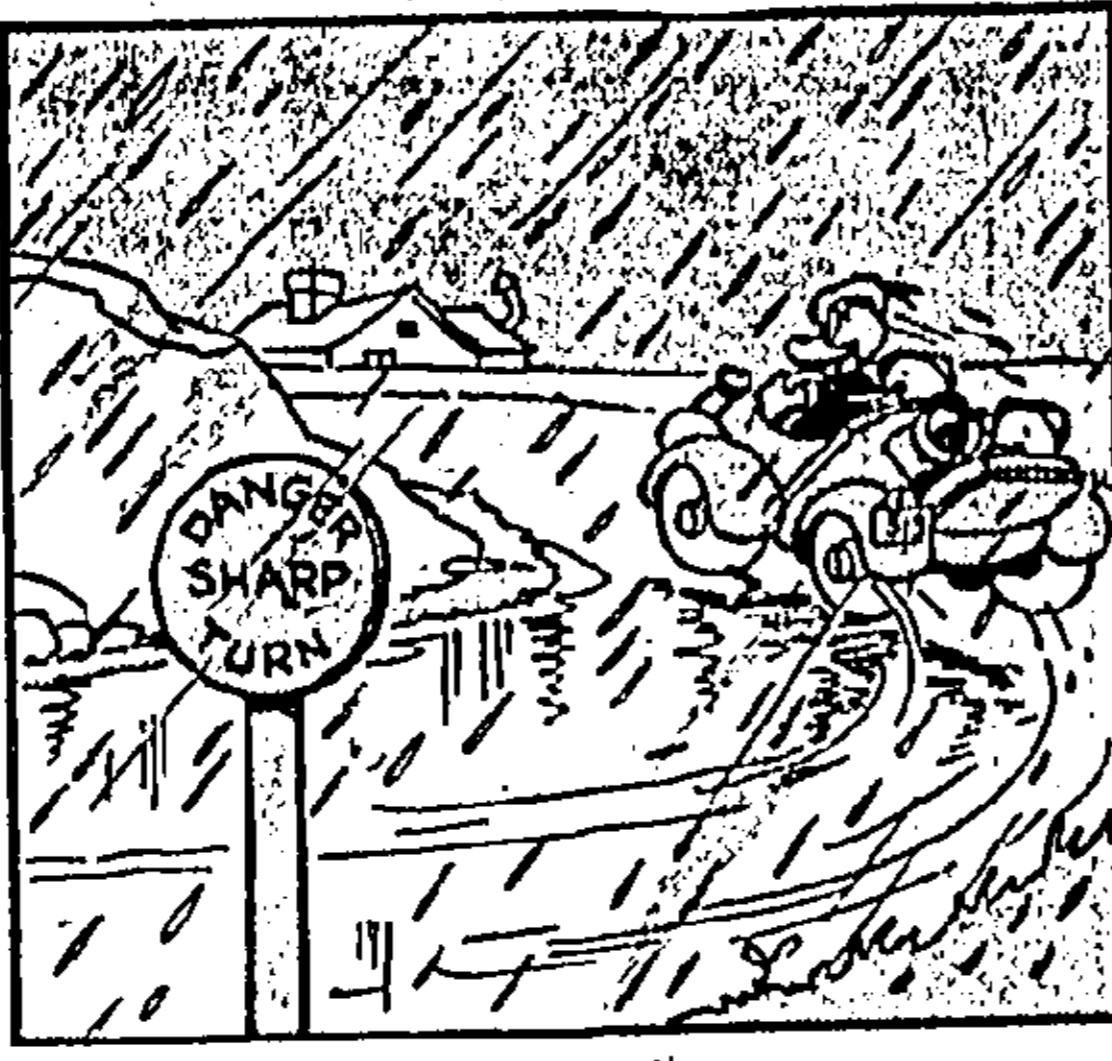
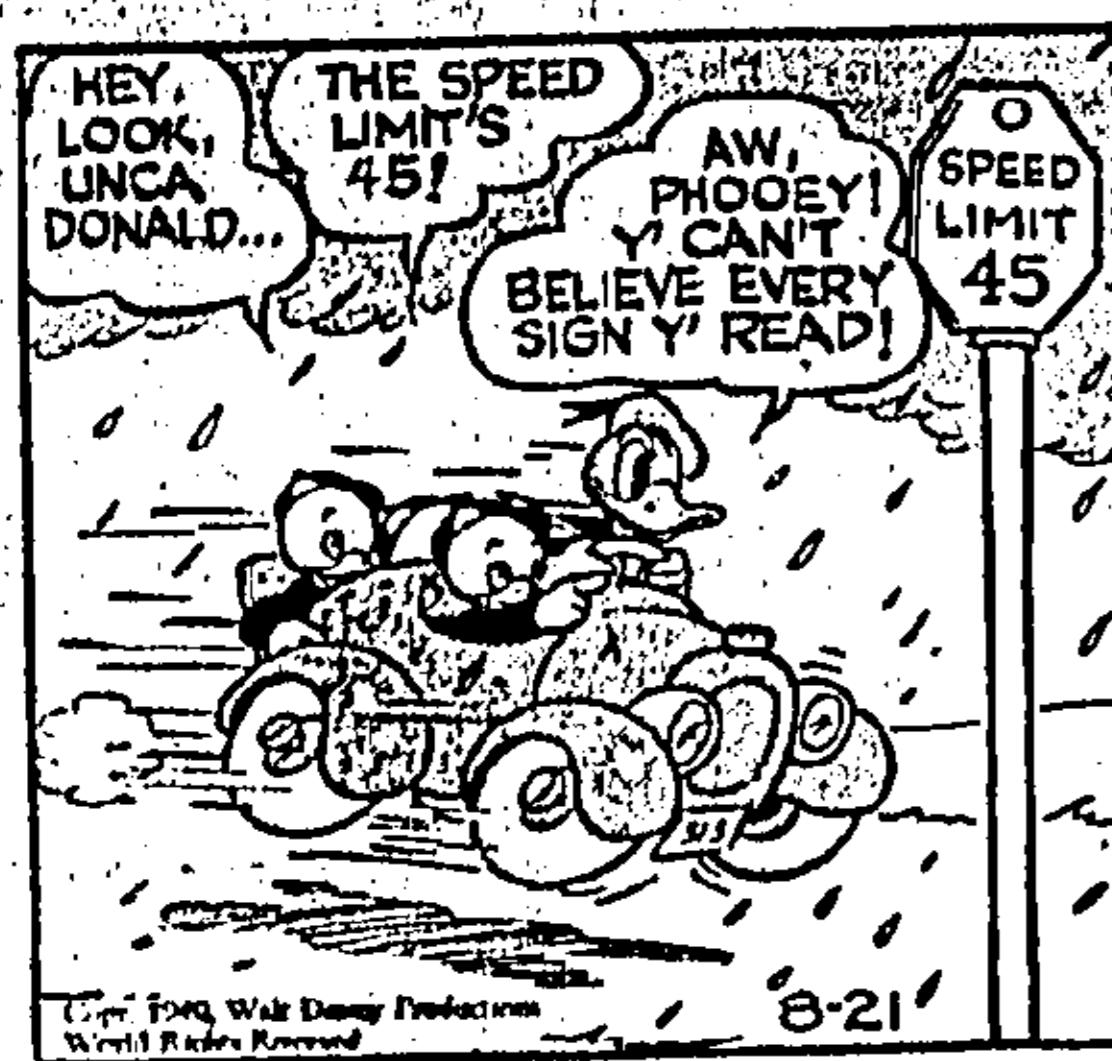
It is pointed out that the three-week period definitely precludes Japan from sending extra freighters to the United States to carry and rush cargoes.

However, it permits loading of vessels already in port or en route.

Thus, if any extra cargoes should be shipped they would have to be made by American vessels.



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By Walt Disney



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## MAGAZINE PAGE

## MY SON, MY SON!

Continuing Howard Spring's Best Selling Novel

What ironical purpose there may be behind these things, or what harsh, meaningless caprices of a Fate more stupid than cunning, I do not know; but it was while returning from her devotions at Chapel one evening that winter that Nellie was struck by an automobile. The injury was serious; by the time I reached her bedside she was dead.

With an unreasoning feeling of guilt that no amount of rationalizing could altogether drown, I wore mourning for her for nearly a year; not only on my coat-sleeve, but in the brooding, melancholy thoughts that dogged me.

But when, at the end of the year, we all moved to London, my past life with Nellie seemed to recede almost abruptly. I needed Dermot's urgent plea to consider this new move an advance into a new life, a fresh page of my existence; and to Shelly's impudent, symbolic gesture of slipping the mourning bands from the sleeves of all my coats.

I began to take a renewed interest in my work. Many years ago Dermot's daughter Maeve, then a fiery little girl more devoted to play-acting than to mastering her ABC's, had teased me to write a play for her to perform when she grew up.

Now Maeve was a lovely young woman of eighteen, with a pale, elfin face and eyes a kindle to my approach, and stepped out to the comparative privacy of the balcony.

I spoke to her, my voice trembling with excitement.

"It isn't true! There can't be this much happiness for one man! What brought you here?" No don't tell me. Let me think it was a miracle, sent from heaven! Oh, my dear—"

"You didn't forget," she whispered, her eyes shining.

"Forget! Do the stars forget to shine? Do the flowers forget to bloom? If you knew the things I've done—pursuing helpless females up dark streets, peering under umbrellas—and saying, 'Pardon me, Madam—I thought you were—' but you see, I don't even know your name! For all these months I've only been able to think of you as my sweet—my love—my darling! What is your name?"

"Livvy,"

"Livvy." The dreadful realisation began to overcome me. "Livvy!"

Before she had a chance to speak Oliver burst over to us, with a "There you are, darling!" My sickening fear was confirmed. With a great air of proprietorship and of easy intimacy, he told her they must leave at once for a late supper at the Pogsons'.

Oliver took the news of my engagement to Livvy in such apparent good part that I felt an overwhelming sense of relief.

He professed to be philosophical about it: the best man had won, that was all. Now truly Dermot's toast seemed to have come true, for I felt that I was indeed the happiest man in London.

We did not at once set the date for our marriage, but I intended that our engagement should be a short one. In the meantime my beloved Livvy came to spend the lovely weeks of that early summer of 1914 with us in the big rambling house at Heronwater, idling on the beach and painting seascapes from the nearby cove.

Toward the close of one of those long,azy June afternoons Livvy returned from a day of painting evidently ill at ease and disturbed.

She had accomplished almost nothing all day; and when I teased her about it she arched me by bursting into tears.

During dinner her distraught mood seemed to continue. But Oliver, who had been out sailing during the afternoon, was in rare spirits. He proposed an ironical toast to his "dear stepmomma"; and on learning that Livvy had wept on returning from the cove, pressed her mercilessly to tell why.

I listened, perplexed, and when dinner was over I asked to speak to Oliver alone. He led me to his room.

I asked Oliver to explain his conduct toward Livvy during dinner. "You weren't with her this afternoon, were you, Oliver?"

"Why, I was out sailing."

"You didn't come ashore, by any chance, and join her?"

"Of course not, father. If Livvy's upset about anything, I had nothing to do with it. I've tried to make this relationship between the three of us as congenial as I could."

Again the knock, louder. I went to the door. There she was, looking pale and tense. I looked at her silently.

"Aren't you going to ask me in?" she demanded at last.

The play was a manifest hit, the audience more enthusiastic even than most first-night audiences. Maeve's perform-

## FUNNY SIDE UP



By Abner Dean

able. If I went too far to-night, I'm terribly sorry. You do believe me, don't you father?"

I did believe him, and said so. Soon I found myself apologizing to Oliver for having mentioned the incident. He forgave me magnanimously, and we shook hands on it. I settled back in my chair with a vast feeling of relief, and asked him for a cigarette.

Oliver reached into his sweater—the one he had worn during the afternoon—for a package of cigarettes. On one sleeve of the sweater I saw a sment of blue paint—plainly the same paint Livvy had been using that day. I seized the sweater from his hands and numbly took it off, while my eyes met his.

"Oliver, I burst out at last. "You're . . . like a cheat! You were with Livvy! That's how her canvas got smeared! That's why I'm come here unhappy and tormented! That's what all your gibes meant at dinner!"

Cautiously down, he at first tried to shrug it off, while my anger and my sense of miserable disillusionment heightened.

"When I was a boy," I told him, "I was poor and cold and hungry. But I had a dream that kept me warm. One day I would have a son—and my son would have everything! I'd give him all the things I'd missed—everything he dreamed of. And that's what I did for you—may God forgive me!"

Oliver packed up and left the house, refusing to come back to his lodgings.

My abject misery increased; for though I had become fully aware of the boy's true character, the hold he had on my deepest affections remained. As the summer passed and the autumn wore on I ceased working; I saw Livvy less and less frequently; I tried in a thousand ways to see Oliver or at least to get some word to him, but to no avail.

The events of that fateful summer made their impact felt, upon us all. When war was declared and Kitchener issued his call for volunteers, Dermot's son Rory came home from a protracted visit in Ireland and promptly joined.

Oliver joined with him in the same regiment. Maeve threw herself with all her vast energy into a rigorous round of entertainments for soldiers on leave; and I heard vaguely that she was seeing a good deal of Oliver in London.

It was from Annie, Maeve's old servant, that I learned of the girl's plight.

On the evening of Oliver's and Rory's departure for France the good old dame came to me tearfully.

Anti-Vichy  
Feeling Grows  
In Syria

CAIRO, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Further signs of increasing feeling in Syria against the Vichy Government were reported here to-day.

It is stated that when General de Gaulle intervened at Dakar, numbers of French officers and civilians were arrested by the authorities.

The reason for the arrests is not known, but it is believed that real dissatisfaction with the existing state of affairs and have been demonstrating their loyalty to General de Gaulle.

## Dividend Declared

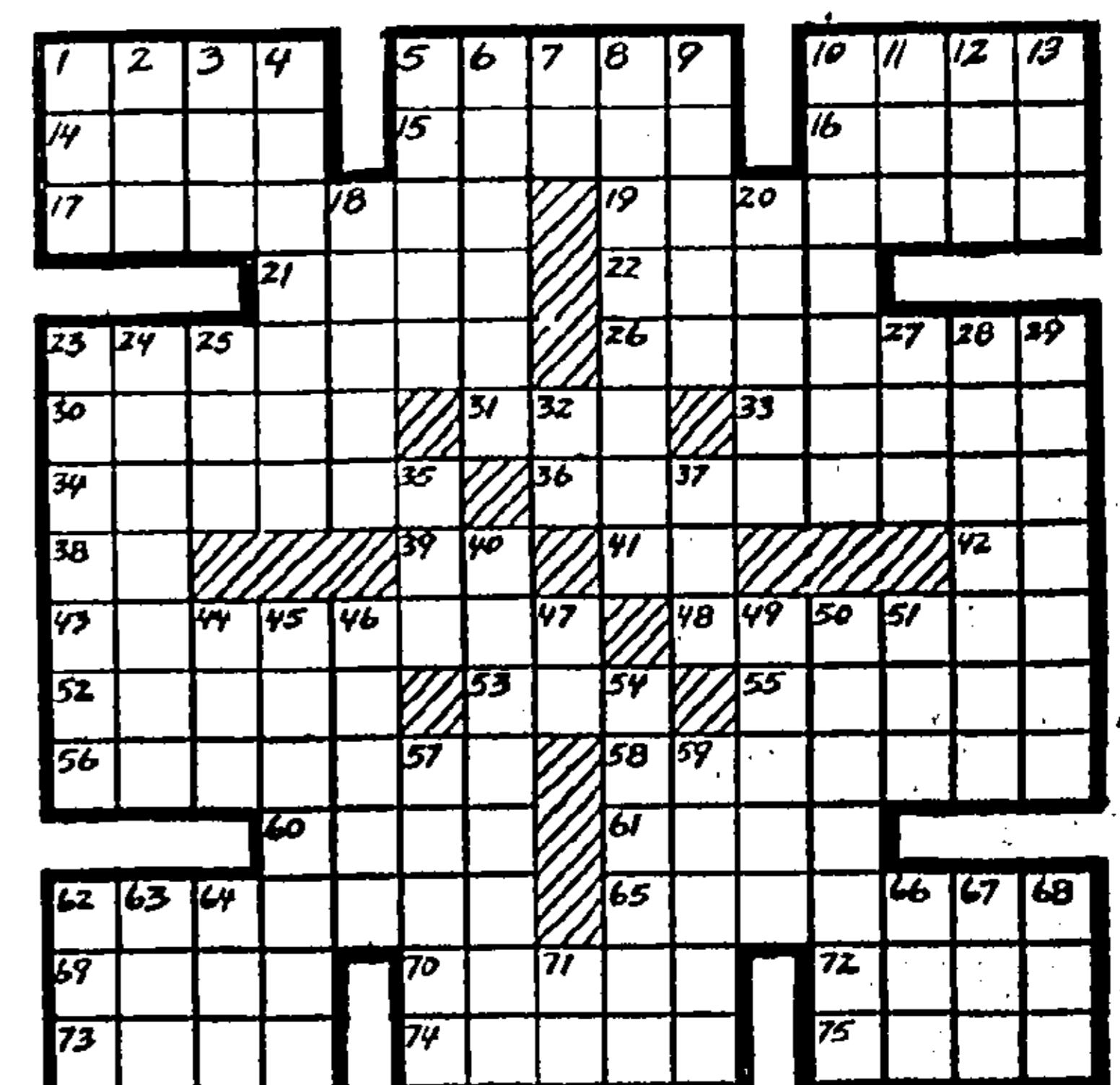
The Directors of the Union Insurance Society of Canton, Ltd., have declared an Interim Dividend of 12s 6d. (Twelve shillings and six pence) per share on account of the year 1940 payable on the 10th November.

## Crossword Puzzle

By LARS MORRIS

ANSWER TO  
PREVIOUS PUZZLE

1—Tennis	2—Ore	3—Gull
4—Banners	5—Linen	6—Cotton
7—Mace	8—Linen	9—Cotton
10—Entrance	11—Birch	12—Pine
12—Pebble	13—Fir	14—Cypress
13—Dove	15—Mistletoe	16—Ivy
17—Combining property	18—Mistletoe	19—Ivy
20—Dove	21—Glossy	22—Smooth
23—One with difficulty	24—Smooth	25—Smooth
26—Flock	27—Smooth	28—Smooth
29—Arbitrators	30—Smooth	31—Smooth
32—Prudent woman	33—Lucky	34—Smooth
35—Lucky number	36—Smooth	37—Smooth
38—One course of meal	39—Smooth	40—Smooth
41—Smooth	42—Smooth	43—Smooth
42—Hypothetical force	43—Smooth	44—Smooth
45—Smooth	46—Smooth	47—Smooth
47—Smooth	48—Smooth	49—Smooth
48—Smooth	50—Smooth	51—Smooth
49—Smooth	52—Smooth	53—Smooth
50—Smooth	54—Smooth	55—Smooth
51—Smooth	56—Smooth	57—Smooth
52—Smooth	58—Smooth	59—Smooth
53—Smooth	60—Smooth	61—Smooth
54—Smooth	62—Smooth	63—Smooth
55—Smooth	64—Smooth	65—Smooth
56—Smooth	66—Smooth	67—Smooth
57—Smooth	68—Smooth	69—Smooth
58—Smooth	70—Smooth	71—Smooth
59—Smooth	72—Smooth	73—Smooth
60—Smooth	74—Smooth	75—Smooth



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## R.A.F. Gives Berlin Its Worst Air Raid

Special to the "Telegraph"

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Dowm).—The attack on Berlin which was carried out by Royal Air Force planes last night and this morning for the fourth time in this week, was officially described as the longest and severest aerial onslaught that has been inflicted on the German capital since the start of the hostilities.

The all-clear signal was sounded only at 4 o'clock in the morning after strong forces of British bombers had attacked military objectives in the Berlin area, the industrial suburbs north of the city being the main target.

An official announcement said that the raid, which was started so early that a large number of Berliners were caught away from home,

British planes also rained bombs on the Tempelhof airport, digging up huge craters across the northern half of the aerodrome. Numerous railway sidings, were also bombed.

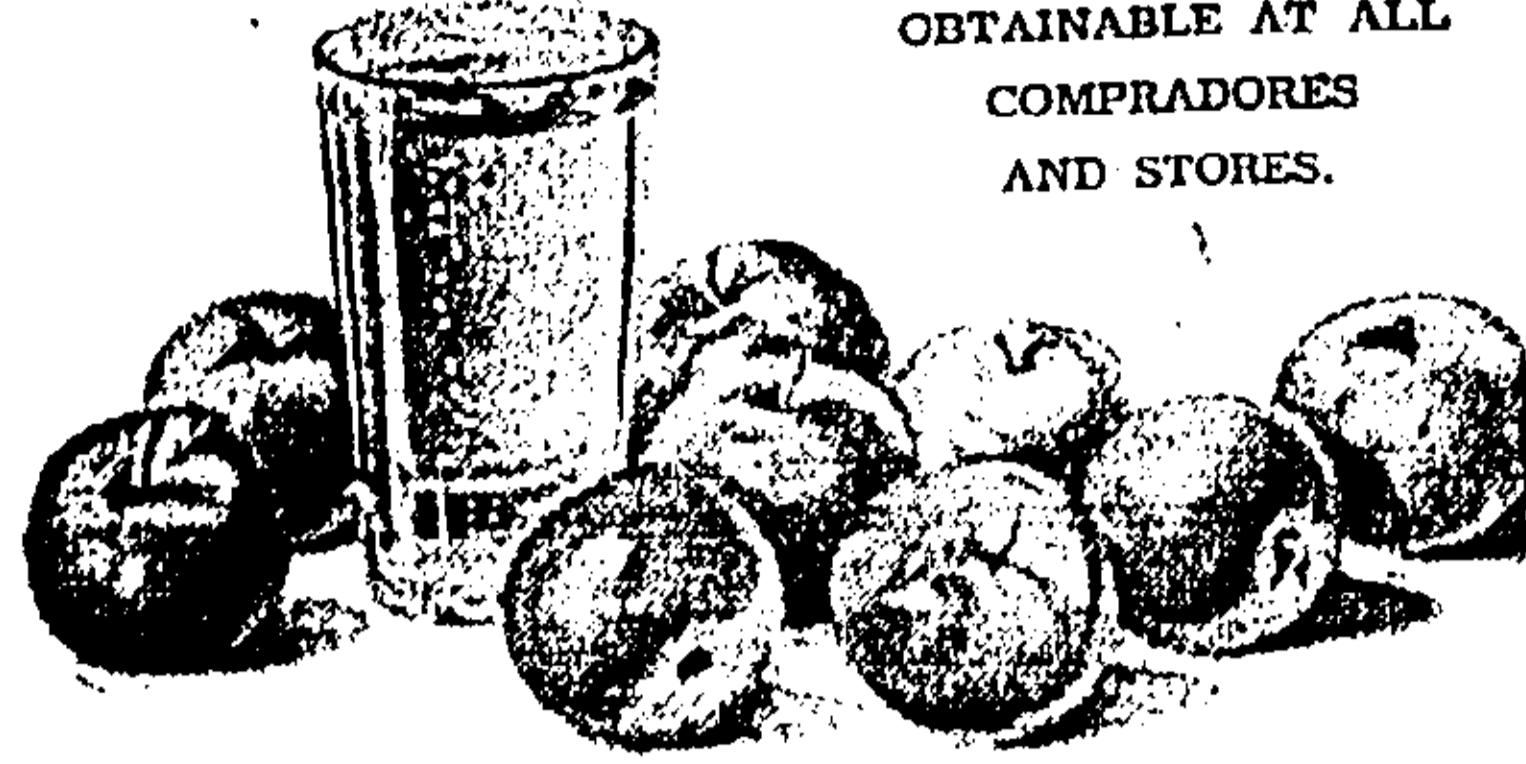
Five were started in the munitions plant seven miles east of the city by British bombers.

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PRESENTS

MR. LEON GORDON'S

**WHITE CARGO**

PRODUCED BY JOHN BURLEY

IN AID OF THE

SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST  
WAR FUND

IN  
THE WEST LOUNGE THEATRE  
ON

WEDNESDAY, 9TH OCTOBER, 1940.  
FRIDAY, 11TH " "  
SATURDAY, 12TH "

AT 9.15 P.M.

TICKETS: \$3.00, \$2.00 & \$1.00  
BOOKINGS NOW OPEN AT Y.M.C.A., KOWLOON  
AND  
ANDERSON MUSIC CO., ICE HOUSE STREET,  
HONGKONG.

**BUILD PERFECT  
HEALTH with these  
5 VITAL ESSENTIALS**

THIAMIN\* and 4 other  
important health necessities  
abundant in  
delicious QUAKER OATS



Quaker Oats abounds in health-giving, strength-building  
essentials imparted to it by Nature herself. It is whole grain  
food unmatched in value for developing strong, healthy bodies  
— for energising and revitalising. Its vital nerve-nourishing  
food tonic—Thiamin—alone is invaluable to good health. In  
addition it supplies proteins for muscle building; iron for  
rich blood; phosphorus for strong bones, and vast food  
energy for stamina. Eaten every day it fortifies the system—  
keeps you strong and well. Delicious and economical. Buy a  
tin of this whole grain food today.

LOOK FOR THE  
QUAKER FIGURE  
ON EVERY TIN TO  
BE SURE OF  
GENUINE QUAKER  
OATS

\*THIAMIN (Vitamin B<sub>1</sub>)  
is a food element that nourishes  
the nerves, promotes energy, aids  
digestion. Vital to perfect health.  
It must be resupplied to the sys-  
tem daily.

**QUAKER OATS**  
COOKS IN 5 MINUTES

**GONE  
ARE THE HORSE  
AND CARRIAGE**

And Gone with them are the  
old-fashioned methods of waxing  
the carriage.

Have you been using the same  
auto wax for years . . . simply  
through force of habit? . . .  
Don't use a horse and carriage  
auto wax.

It is no longer necessary to  
work all day, to wear yourself  
out . . . to RUB and RUB, in  
order to obtain a waterproof,  
weather resisting wax finish for  
your car.

Try WHIZ LONDON COACH  
WAX for longer lasting beauty  
for your automobile and less  
work for you. Your waxing  
troubles, like the horse and  
buggy, will be

**Gone**

Sold Here  
HONGKONG  
HOTEL  
GARAGE  
Stubbs Rd.

**DEATH**

HSU—On Thursday, September 26, 1940, at his home in Kowloon Tong, Dr George Chien Hsu, beloved husband of Y. P. Shen Hsu, and revered father of Konrad, Joan (Mrs. Frank Soto), Edward, Mary (Mrs. James Bican) and Rosabel Hsu. Funeral service to be announced later.

**The Hongkong Telegraph.**

Friday, September 27, 1940.  
Wyndham St., Hongkong  
Telephone: 28015

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**Britain's Foreign Markets**

In a recent article on Great Britain's export trade *The Economist* pointed out that as "our preparations for offensive action at a later date require the continuance of heavy imports, we must maintain our exports to the highest possible level." The wisdom or necessity for maintaining exports at the highest level has been recognised from the earliest days of the war. In fact the importance of the export trade loomed so largely in the minds of Government officials and industrialists that at one time the production of armaments suffered to an alarming extent. While this attitude has changed very considerably under the Churchill regime, the two-fold object of maintaining the war effort at the highest possible pitch and of keeping a normal flow of exports is recognised as the great problem of the moment.

It is true that inroads on Britain's foreign exchange resources during the first year of the war were not heavy but the continuous and increasing delivery of orders for aeroplanes and armaments from abroad must considerably widen the gap between imports and exports unless the export trade is maintained at a higher level than now reached. To achieve this it is necessary that additional markets should be secured to replace those lost in Europe and that existing transport facilities should be improved.

With this in mind the decision to despatch a mission to the South American countries is welcome. The object of the mission is two-fold. On the one hand the representatives will endeavour to show that it is in the interest of the countries visited, as it is in the interest of the whole world, that Britain should win the war. This should not prove a difficult task especially as the indiscretions of German agents have during the past few months been frequently criticised and condemned. At the same time the British mission will, in collaboration with South American interests, explore every avenue that might lead to a further development of economic relations.

Another mission, though dissimilar in character, is on its way to India. In this case the discussions which will be held at New Delhi next month, will include Empire countries only. Delegates from Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, Southern Rhodesia, Burma, Hongkong, Ceylon and Malaya will meet to devise the best methods for co-ordinating the Empire's war effort. The increased activity in the war zone, in Egypt and the Eastern Mediterranean, calls for continual supplies from what is known as the Eastern group of Empire countries. These countries will, in fact, be responsible to an increasing extent for the provision of all war materials to that zone.



"CAN'T YOU STOP THAT NOISE OUTSIDE?"

**We fight for ourselves and  
The France of  
to-morrow**

By HAROLD  
LASKI

**N**OW that the position of France is crystallising, the first temptation of all will naturally be indignation at the men who, without popular demand or constitutional authority behind them, have betrayed us.

But indignation is not enough. The right to anger depends upon understanding.

A handful of men, however important, cannot betray forty millions, even in defeat, unless there have been profound social forces behind them which have made that betrayal possible.

Those social forces are unmistakable. They are the influences which in 1940, prevented the political revolution from becoming a social revolution, and established Napoleon III—significantly enough a precursor of Hitlerism—in power.

They are the influences which ceased resistance to Prussia in 1870 and suppressed the Commune in one of the most bloody massacres of modern times.

**Poisoned Wells**

They are the influences which sought to make Dreyfus their victim and were prepared to poison the wells of French justice rather than admit his innocence.

In our own day, they are the influences which used all their power to break the social democracy of the Popular Front, and avowedly preferred an accommodation with Hitler at the price even of the liberties of Western civilisation.

Laval and Bonnet and their like have always been in politics the commercial travellers of big business. They have suffered the existence of political democracy so long as it did not threaten the interests of big business.

They were prepared for its suppression so soon as it appeared that political democracy sought to extend itself beyond the political field.

And immediately it was clear that to defeat Germany a wholesale transformation of the French economic and social system was necessary, fatal to the vested interests they represented, they were prepared to sacrifice France to those vested interests.

They had separated the political life of France from the interests of the masses because they were not prepared to extend—as was shown by their hostility to the Blum Government and to Republican Spain—the frontiers of democracy.

**Same Old Model**

If they have their way, the new pattern will be a way of life in which the great principles of 1789 will have no place. They have used the opportunity of temporary defeat to inaugurate the counter-revolution.

It is significant that so much of the pattern of their coup d'état follows the previous Fascist models.

They were prepared for a victory for traditional France on the model of 1914-18; they were not prepared either for the risks or the sacrifices involved in preparing a victory for the new France.

They were prepared for a victory for traditional France on the model of 1914-18; they were not prepared either for the risks or the sacrifices involved in preparing a victory for the new France.

Even in those last weeks in which Reynaud sought to infuse new energy into the organising effort, the men of the old regime conspired and opposed him at every turn.

They did not want victory on the new terms for that victory meant, and they knew it, an economic and social revolution.

That revolution will come. It is the condition of the liberation of France, and it will be the proud

privilege of Great Britain to organise that liberation.

Granted that we hold firm, the next year is going to see a new 1848 in Europe, upon an immensely more massive scale, and this time, there will be no successful counter-revolution.

Granted that we hold firm—that is now the basic condition of all civilised freedom. But to hold firm we in this country have to emancipate those democratic forces which capitalist democracy has so long held down.

**The Awakening**

We also have to discover the dynamic of the masses. We also have to organise the surrender to its claims of those vested interests which have so long stood in the way of its expression.

I think Mr. Churchill understands this; I know that Attlee and Greenwood understand it.

The only way to release this dynamic is by immediate and immediate steps to social justice. They and they only will awaken in a full way the whole courage and determination of the people.

They and they only will make it evident to the masses that, with victory, they have in truth nothing to lose but their chains and a world to win.

In a period of acute danger, audacity is the high road to salvation. We must throw overboard tradition and routine; it is these that have, in the service of privilege, made France the victim of their relentless conquerors.

Whether it be the problem of India or of our relations with the Soviet Union, whether it be the front-system or the mechanisms of Government, what we need now is large-scale and courageous experimentalism.

We are unable to mobilise our immense resources by coercion; we can mobilise them by consent.

And the way to consent is to convince the common people that all they may hope to depends upon victory.

**New World Partners**

The way to persuade them to the effort of victory requires us to show them by acts now that their hopes have, as victory comes, the certainty of fulfilment.

That is what no French Government sought to do since the war began; that is what the Petain-Laval Government neither can do nor wishes to do. To-day it is Hitler's caretaker; to-morrow it will be the agent of the worst type of French reaction.

It has no other purpose than to maintain the enslavement of France first to the foreign tyrant and, were he to win, later to the forces of corrupt privilege.

The France we in Britain fight for is the France of the future.

It is a France already restless at the fate that has been imposed upon it.

It is a France also ready to co-operate in the struggle for victory.

In aiding it we aid ourselves. For we are bound in the future to go forward as partners to a new and a braver world.

**Their job is****Mercy**

**SPECIAL MESSAGE**  
from the Chairman of the  
War Organisation of the  
British Red Cross and Order  
of St. John.

It is difficult for us here, in England, to tell the people of the Colonial Empire how grateful we are for the wonderful effort they have made on behalf of the British Red Cross and Order of St. John War Organisation in this country.

I know very well that many people think the Red Cross is merely a money-collecting agency, and that what we give out to the press as to the way in which their money is spent very often does not reach them. May I therefore tell you a few things which we have done since the beginning of the War to carry out our great task of mercy and relief of suffering.

We sent out to France something between £30,000-£40,000 worth of medical comforts and stores.

We sent out 68 vehicles, including 20 Ambulances, fully equipped; we established large Stores at Dieppe and Boulogne; we established a Convalescent Home for Officers, and another for Nurses, and equipped and staffed them.

We sent to Finland £12,000 worth of medical supplies. Two aeroplanes were sent to the neutral Finland asked us for help, with stocks of chloroform, inoculation serum and essential drugs.

We sent more than £12,000 worth of medical stores to Norway, in the same way, the moment they asked us.

In both cases difficulties of transport were very great.

We have a large Department which deals entirely with the dispatch of parcels of food, clothing and necessaries to prisoners of war in enemy hands. In the last war we spent close on £4,000,000 on this work alone.

We have another large Department which concerns itself with inquiries by people for their wounded and missing relatives. This work is of such immense value that it alone would almost justify the existence of the Red Cross. At the present moment it is dealing with thousands of letters a day from anxious people seeking information concerning their wounded and missing relatives.

We also offer help to relatives in visiting dangerously wounded or sick soldiers in hospital. This was done first in France, and is now carried on in England, often entailing finding temporary accommodation for people in the vicinity of hospitals.

In May came the tragic collapse of Belgium, the return of the B.E.F. and later the collapse of France.

Everything we had at Boulogne, and all our Ambulances fell into the hands of the enemy. We hoped that we might have rescued the stores at Dieppe, and our staff, at great risk to themselves, went back time after time getting the stores out and away to the West Coast, but such was the rush to save human lives, we, at the last moment, had to abandon them.

We have lost everything we put into France, and all that has to be replaced.

Our trained stretcher-bearers and V.A.D.s worked day and night to remove the sick and wounded from the ships and take them to trains and hospitals.

Then the wounded began to pour back to England, and in the first days of the Dunkirk evacuation we were asked for £20,000 worth of hospital comforts, which we delivered to hospitals all over England.

We have constant demands on us to help with hospital stores and clothing, sailors who have been shipwrecked and, in many cases, wounded by enemy action. All our existing County Organisations are told to find at once all that is needed for that work.

The Ministry of Health, in whose charge the wounded are now, have called upon us to find 10,000 beds at very short notice. They will help with the cost of equipping these hospitals, which may amount to as many as 200, all over the British Isles, but it will cost the British Red Cross and St. John War Organisation huge sums to staff and maintain them.

We have undertaken to find for the War Office and Ministry of Health, anything up to 200 Ambulances, and we are well on the way to doing so. A large number of these Ambulances are being supplied through the generosity of the Dominions, Colonies and British Communities. In all parts of the world, 50 of them have been provided by Canadians, 50 by Australia, and we have now another offer from America of anything up to 200. We, of course, have to staff and equip them.

We, the War Organisation of the British Red Cross and Order of St. John, are determined to do what may be necessary to carry on our work and justify the confidence which the public has so generally placed in us.

## NORWAY'S KING DEFIES NAZIS HAAKON BROADCASTS A STIRRING MESSAGE

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—It is learned that the London announcement to the Norwegian people, replying to the German decisions announced by the Reich's Commissar, Herr Terboven, in Norway last night was adopted by King Haakon and his State Council to-day and broadcast to Norway.

Referring to the new body which is to govern Norway, the announcement says: "The new ruling body has no basis except with the German conquering force in Norway, and it will be compelled to govern according to the orders of its German masters.

"The new ruling body has no kind of independence and does not represent a free independent state. The people have lost their sacred right in their own homes."

### "Shame and Sorrow"

Pointing out that not one member of the Storting has placed himself at the disposal of the Reich Commissar, the announcement says: "It is, with shame and sorrow that he (King Haakon) has been able to find Norwegian willing to accept appointments as members of such a regime and thereby be guilty of betraying the first command of the Constitution, namely to keep the liberty and independence of Norway."

The announcement concludes: "On behalf of the people, the King and Government will continue to fight until the country has regained its liberty and independence. In the certain knowledge that they are the true representatives of the people's will to liberty, they call to the Norwegian people at home: Stand firm and remain faithful to Norway's free Constitution and together we shall win a victory for all Norwegians."

In a speech endorsing the declaration, which was also broadcast, King Haakon said: "I would not be true to my duty towards our common fatherland if I gave up the fight for the liberty of Norway, which has been forced upon us."

### HARDSHIPS OF CHANNEL IS. BRITONS

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Purchases are made by German soldiers in the Channel Islands with what are called "occupation marks," which are fixed at seven to the pound.

The Channel Islanders do not expect they will ever be redeemed. All public houses are closed. There is no beer or whisky. Forced labour has been instituted to make good the damage done to hotels and buildings in Jersey.

A few islanders have escaped but it is a risky business attempting to escape, which is an offence punished by death.

Nazi troops keep a constant watch along the coasts. There are no German planes; the aerodromes have been abandoned. Like everywhere else under the Nazi thumb, it is an offence to listen to English broadcasts.

### BRITISH TANK ENGINES FROM DETROIT WORKS

NEW YORK, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The closing of the contract for the production of 6,000 tank engines for Britain by the Continental Motors Corporation is reported, according to the Detroit correspondent of the Dow-Jones Agency.

It is learned unofficially that the contract has resulted in preparations to re-open the Detroit factory which has been closed since 1939.

## Plane Finds Survivors From City of Benares

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—A Sunderland flying boat of the Coastal Command yesterday found 46 survivors, including children, of the torpedoed City boat 600 miles from land.

They were picked up by a British warship and are expected to land in a British port to-night.

The survivors had been adrift since their ship was torpedoed in mid-Atlantic on September 17 while taking British children to Canada under the evacuation scheme.

Two Sunderland flying boats, one belonging to the Royal Air Force, shared in the rescue.

### Found By Lamp, Signals

The Australian Sunderland had just been relieved from a convoy escort when it found the lifeboat. The captain flew to the convoy and asked the captain of the R.A.F. Sunderland which had taken over from him, to see the rescue of survivors, because his petrol was running low.

### METROPOLE HOTEL CENTRAL - CLEAN COMFORTABLE - FIREPROOF

## Bombing Attacks By R.A.F. Described

### Vivid Stories

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The pilots of bombing aircraft which carried out a raid on German and occupied Channel ports last night testified to the accuracy of the bomb-aiming of their crews.

A young Irishman, piloting his first aircraft, attacked railway yards at Ehrenz; he said that all their bombs "landed in the bull's-eye and burst with an explosion that shook us."

The captain of the aircraft following and these bombs started fire which helped him in his inspection of the target. His crew dropped attacks well and truly across the yards and within five minutes there was "a series of terrific blue explosions like a sort of firework jack-in-the-box."

**Goodyear Attacked**  
The pilot who attacked a goodyear at Osnabrück said their first attack

### SPANISH POLICY IS TO AWAIT American Entry Into War

MADRID, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Despite Senor Suner's visit to Hitler yesterday, Berlin correspondents of Spanish papers have practically ceased speculating on reasons for the journey and mostly confine themselves to-day with the rumoured military agreement between Germany and Japan.

It is noteworthy that no Cabinet meeting has been held here since Senor Suner's absence as presumably would be necessary before any actual agreement could be reached on any major issue.

Spain's wider policy is likely to be decided by the course of the war and not by conversations, and it is interesting to note the increased attention paid by the Spanish Press in the last two days to the possibility of the United States entering the struggle.

On the other hand, General de Gaulle's withdrawal from Dakar is considered here as a British reverse and it is asked why Marshal Petain's ships were allowed to pass Gibraltar en route for Dakar.

**MR. W. H. DAVIES, POET, DEAD**

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Mr. William H. Davies, the famous poet, died at the age of 71 at his Gloucestershire home to-day.

After an adventurous life, he started to write poetry and was taken up by Mr. George Bernard Shaw.

Since then he has held the foremost place in the hearts of lovers of lyrical poetry.

## German Pressure Forced French To Fight de Gaulle At Dakar

LONDON, SEPT. 26 (REUTER).—THE DAKAR AUTHORITIES WHO OPENED FIRE ON FREE FRENCH TROOPS ATTEMPTING A PEACEFUL LANDING—WITHOUT ANY INTENTION OF USING ARMED FORCE—DID SO UNDER GERMAN PRESSURE.

## Lease Of Weihaiwei To Britain Renewed

A renewal of the facilities afforded by China which grants the Royal Navy the use of Weihaiwei for a further ten years as from October 1, 1940, is announced by "Reuter" from London. The Chinese Minister for Foreign Affairs and Sir Archibald Clark Kerr, British Envoy to China, exchanged letters on this subject on March 15. The lease expired on September 20.

There are at present some naval details in charge of the maintenance of buildings at Weihaiwei.

## Hitler and Ciano To Plan For New World

### Special to the "Telegraph"

NEW YORK, Sept. 26 (Domei).—The principal topic of the meeting between Hitler and Ciano will be the forms of "five new Empires which among them will dominate the world of tomorrow," it was reliably predicted here.

The five new Empires will be those of Germany, Italy, the Soviet Union, Spain and Japan.

It is predicted in other quarters that one point of the Ciano-Hitler discussion would concern the attitude of Italy and Germany toward the United States' disapproval of recent developments in the Far East.

It is now known that under German pressure the Dakar authorities opened fire on troops who attempted a peaceful landing, the communiqué said and added that it was at General de Gaulle's request that the British Navy decided not to embark on any naval action.

### ITALIAN PARTY LEAVES ROME

ROME, Sept. 26 (Domei).—The Foreign Minister, Count Galeazzo Ciano, left Rome this evening for Berlin in order to participate in what diplomatic circles here believe to be a three-power conference of Italy, Germany and Spain.

Count Ciano was accompanied by Ettore Mutti, Secretary-General of the Fascist Party, and Count L. de Vittori, who took part in the Italian armistice commission of June 3 as the Minister Plenipotentiary representing the Foreign Office.

Official quarters said that the mission was vested with vital importance. The fact that the Foreign Ministers of Germany and Italy frequently exchange visits, coupled with the long stay in Berlin of the Spanish Foreign Minister, General Serrano Suner, is seen as an indication that the time for Spain's entry into the war is nearing.

**More Defiants Required**

Splendid Defence Work

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Lord Beaverbrook, the Minister for Aircraft Production, has asked for more Defiants.

He has sent the following telegram to a Government Director of one of the British aircraft factories:

"I ask you to give us more Defiants. The splendid work done by the Defiant squadrons makes the manufacture of this aircraft a task of paramount importance to the defence of the country."

**Swedish Coalition Government**

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The four parties forming the Coalition Government—Social Democrats, Conservatives, Agrarians and Liberals—have decided to maintain the Coalition through the recent elections, giving the Democrats an absolute majority.

## DAINTY MAUREEN GOES FOR SWIM



It's cool inside

TRADE  
**Manhattan**  
MARK  
**SHIRTS**

Manhattan cool shirts are a challenge to hot weather. Thin and porous in construction, weighing next to nothing. Manhattan cool shirts have real style and sturdiness. They'll improve your appearance, do wonders for your comfort, and keep you in good humour.

WHITE and PLAIN COLOURS

from \$11.50—less 10% cash discount



MEN'S WEAR  
SPECIALISTS

**SUN-KIST**

Quality  
**TOMATOES**  
WHOLE  
OR JUICE

In the cans with the Red Label  
INSIST ON SUNKIST

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS

W. R. LOXLEY & Co., (China) Ltd.



**VERICHROME**

With its two emulsions Kodak Verichrome Film gets detail in the shade, retains it in bright sunlight, corrects minor exposure errors, gets the picture where ordinary films fail. Ask for "Verichrome." Comes in the box trademarked "Kodak."

**CHAMPION SPARK PLUGS**  
Bring SMOOTH MOTORING

If your engine is not pulling smoothly and evenly—be sure to check the spark plugs. Faded and worn spark plugs may be robbing you of the economy and pleasure of a smooth running engine. Install new Champion for greater speed and power, and for the real economy that only these superior spark plugs can give.

**BonKora** safely builds up Health

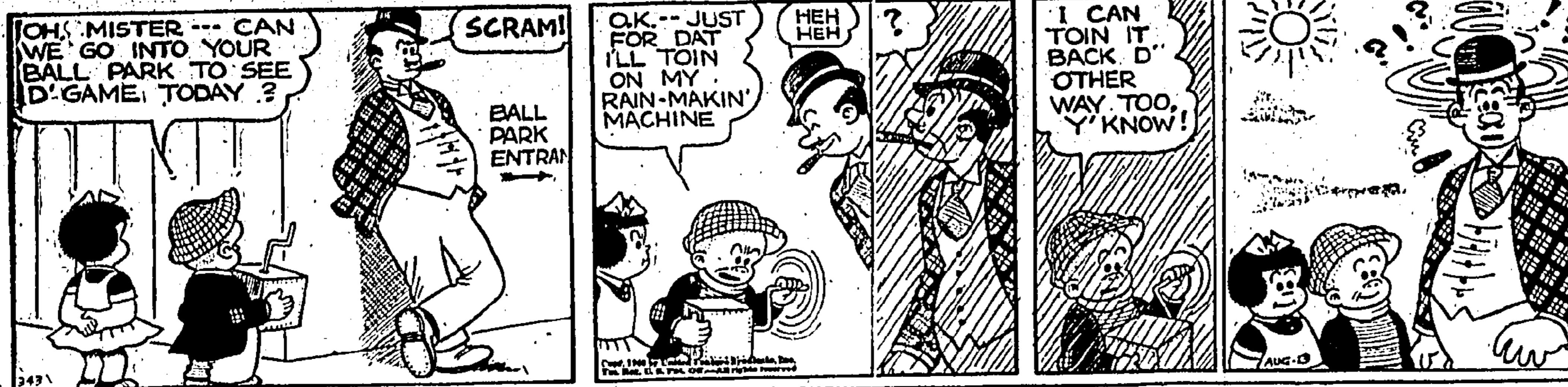
BonKora builds up your health—makes you slim, strong and healthy, and to have more of those precious vitamins, minerals and other substances which are so important to your health. If you are not getting all the good things you need, by diet, I advise BonKora. If you are getting all the good things you need, but are not getting all the vitamins, minerals and other substances which are so important to your health, by diet, I advise BonKora. If you are getting all the vitamins, minerals and other substances which are so important to your health, by diet, I advise BonKora. BonKora is sold by all Chemists, Stores, Bazaars, etc.

**NURSE LOSES 32 LBS. FAT**

"I am 5 feet 4 inches tall and 125 pounds when I began to take BonKora. I had a very bad complexion, but I have had no trouble with it since I began to take BonKora. I have lost 32 pounds in 10 months. I have never had a cold since I began to take BonKora. I have never had a headache since I began to take BonKora. I have never had a toothache since I began to take BonKora. I have never had a sore throat since I began to take BonKora. I have never had a sore back since I began to take BonKora. I have never had a sore knee since I began to take BonKora. I have never had a sore shoulder since I began to take BonKora. I have never had a sore hip since I began to take BonKora. I have never had a sore neck since I began to take BonKora. I have never had a sore foot since I began to take BonKora. I have never had a sore hand since I began to take BonKora. I have never had a sore ear since I began to take BonKora. I have never had a sore eye since I began to take BonKora. 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I have never had a sore ear since I began to take BonKora. I have never had a sore eye since I began to take BonKora. I have never had



## NANCY



By Ernie Bushmiller



For greater smoking enjoyment — give me

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TO-DAY KING'S THEATRE  
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A PANORAMA OF LIFE, SURGING WITH EVERY EMOTIONAL EXPERIENCE!

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With HENRY HULL • JOSEPHINE HUTCHISON • SOPHIE STEWART • BRUCE LISTER  
Directed by Charles Vidor from HOWARD STERN'S best selling novel  
Produced by EDWARD SMALL... Directed and Edited by Edward Small

## CHINESE TROOPS IN ACTION

### Indo-China Border Clashes

CHUNGKING, Sept. 27 (Reuter).—Clashes are taking place between Chinese and Japanese forces on the Kwangsi-Indo-China border, where the Chinese are attacking the rear of the Japanese forces entering Indo-China, according to a military spokesman here.

A message from Kwangsi states that the Japanese suffered 1,000 casualties in the Dongdang clash.

It is said that fighting is taking place east and west of Pingerhkwian.

A reasonable possibility of Sino-French co-operation is seen by the spokesman.

#### Watchful Waiting

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

CHUNGKING, Sept. 26 (UPI).—The Chinese Foreign Office spokesman answering questions to-day regarding the situation in Indo-China and whether or not Chinese troops would plunge across the border said:

"Our troops are adopting the measure of watchful waiting on the southwest border. The original plan of self-defence announced by Mr. Wang Chung-hui, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, has not been changed."

Asked whether the French authorities had extended an invitation to the Chinese Government for Chinese military aid he said: "So far no formal request has been received from the French—please note my word 'formal'."

#### Will Act Independently

When asked whether Chinese entry into Indo-China was dependent upon an invitation from the French the spokesman replied: "No. It depends on our own decision."

He added that the Chinese Government had not yet completed its plan of action in Indo-China with Vichy and the plan must be carried out as far as the situation in Indo-China would permit.

#### Chinese Mystified

CHUNGKING, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The Chinese are mystified by the French plan to defend Indo-China.

French Foreign Minister Louis Barthou said yesterday that the Chinese would be allowed to explain to the French their plan of action in Indo-China.

He said: "The Chinese are not to be blamed for the border war. French."

Many Chinese said that Vichy had been given a free hand in Indo-China.

#### Hanoi Bombed

CHUNGKING, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—Avalanche of bombs from Hanoi to-day, a small town in the north of Indo-China, was air raid bombed.

When Japanese aircraft appeared over Hanoi they dropped three small bombs.

Five bombs were dropped, two of which failed to explode.

Four bombs were dropped after nine Japanese planes had circled over Hanoi to-day.

French anti-aircraft guns opened fire for a brief period after the bombing.

It is officially stated that the Japanese have apologised for the bombing, declaring the action to be a mistake.

#### Won't Have Interference

TOYOKO, Sept. 26 (Reuter).—The daily newspaper, "Ichi," says that Japan's determination is "too firm to be shaken by foreign pressure or intervention."

The journal warns Britain and America that they court a grave situation if they persist in their anti-Japan attitude.

#### Japanese Apologise

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH."

HANOI, Sept. 26 (Delayed) (UPI).—Two thousand Japanese troops with twelve tanks landed to-day and 4,000 additional troops are to land later in the week.

Four bombs were dropped after nine Japanese planes had circled over Hanoi to-day.

French anti-aircraft guns opened fire for a brief period after the bombing.

It is officially stated that the Japanese have apologised for the bombing, declaring the action to be a mistake.

The Japanese landing parties looked wretched under their heavy pack in the scorching midday sun.

A few Japanese stragglers arrived at Haiphong from nearby landing points, riding in rickshaws.

#### French Protest

HAIPHONG, Sept. 27 (Reuter).—The French authorities have lodged a strong protest with the Japanese regarding the bombing of Haiphong yesterday when Japanese planes dropped a few bombs just before landing.

According to a Chinese military spokesman in Chungking, the main body of the Japanese Fifth Division is advancing on Langson.

Only 1,000 Japanese troops are advancing to the north west from Chenghankwan in the direction of Pingerhkwian towards the Haiphong to-day.

#### Disagreement

The military spokesman claimed that disagreement existed between the Japanese Navy and Army authorities. The Navy favoured a landing at Haiphong while the Army wanted to enter via Dongdan.

He emphasised that there was a considerable possibility of Sino-French co-operation if the French were invited to join the Chinese in their resistance to the Japanese.

**French-Japanese Air Fight**

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

CHUNGKING, Sept. 26 (United Press).—French and Japanese French planes fought an aerial battle with Japanese planes over Indo-China yesterday.

The Chinese air force, which had been flying over Indo-China, was engaged in a dog fight with the Japanese.

French and British planes

MADE IN ENGLAND



NEXT CHANGE: "VIVA CISCO KID" with CESAR ROMERO



TO-DAY ONLY



TO-MORROW

Katharine Hepburn in "LITTLE WOMEN"



GERALDINE FITZGERALD  
The girl who leaped to fame in "Dark Victory" and "Wuthering Heights"  
"A CHILD IS BORN"  
GLADYS GEORGE - JEFFREY LYNN - GALE PAGE  
SPRING BYINGTON - Directed by Lloyd Bacon - A WARNER BROS. PICTURE  
Screen Play by Robert Riskin - Based on a Play by Mary McDonald Astor  
Warner Bros. Pictures

ADDED ATTRACTION:  
LATEST BRITISH NEWSREELS  
Directly After The King's Theatre

COMMENCING SUNDAY



## STOPPED MINUTE —And Crashed On Airplane

WHEN a motorist stopped for one minute on a main road near an airfield an airplane that was about to land hit the roof of the car, crashed and was wrecked.

A passenger in the car was seriously injured. There were "Waiting prohibited" notices at intervals along the road. The motorist, Robert William Hogarth, of Castle-terrace, Penrith, was charged with allowing the car to wait on the road. He pleaded that his halt was caused by the accelerator not being in proper working order.

The police said they did not press for a heavy penalty, but wanted the prosecution to be a warning to the public. The magistrates endorsed this warning and fined Hogarth 10s. with costs.

## STOCK MARKET REPORT

Hongkong Stock Exchange Official Summary issued yesterday says:

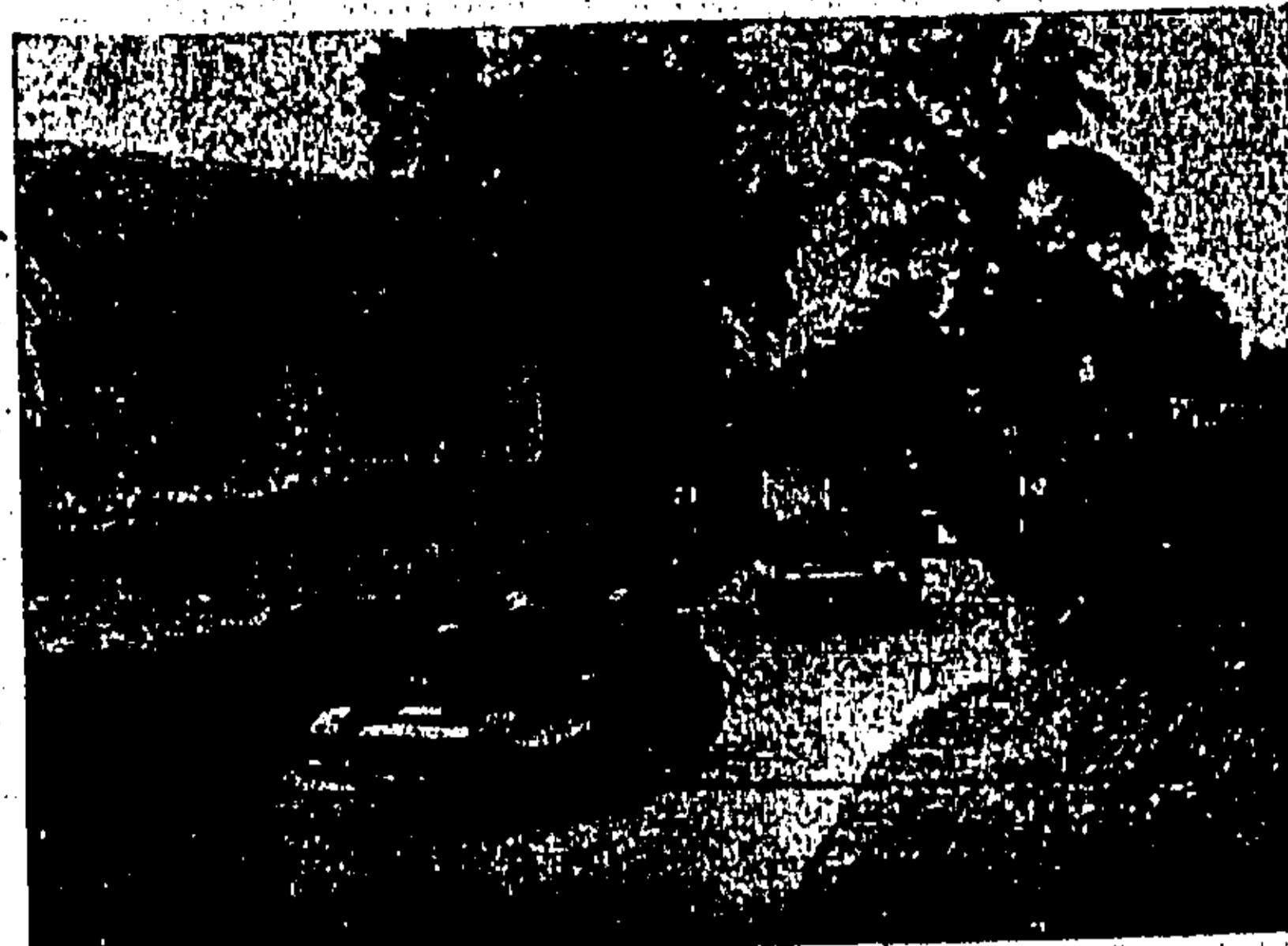
To-day's activity was confined in Ropes with a good volume of business done and prices matched at from \$5 1/2 to \$6 10 with further enquiries at \$6 10. A small turnover was recorded in Divines at \$10 1/4 XD. Providents at \$4 1/2 and Unions at \$4 05.

**Buyers**  
Star Ferries \$20.00  
China Lights (old) \$6.85  
Electrics (old) \$36.50  
Ropes \$6.10  
Entertainments \$0.00  
**Sellers**

Trams \$10  
China Lights (old) \$7.15  
Telephones (old) \$24.50  
**Sales**  
Union Ins \$4.05  
Providents \$4.50  
Trams \$10.05  
Electrics (new) \$30.50  
Ropes \$5 1/2 - \$6 1/4 - \$6.10  
Dairy Farms \$16.25 XD

## LATE NEWS

## BRITAIN'S CYCLIST ARMY



With experience of Parachutists, gained while they were in Belgium, the Black Watch, now stationed on the South Coast, have taken steps to ensure their being able to deal with any effort made by the enemy to land troops from the air. Being equipped with cycles during normal training to enable a quick movement at the first alarm, the Black Watch are confident of being able to deal with any effort to invade their territory from the air should the enemy attempt it. Picture shows Bren Carriers and Cyclists on their way to the objective.

## British Submarines Sink German Convoys

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuters).—The Admiralty reports successful actions against enemy supply vessels in convoys.

A communiqué issued to-day states: "Britain submarines continue to search out and take their toll of enemy shipping."

"Full information of their successes cannot be given without endangering their security. But it can now be stated that His Majesty's submarine H149 (Lieut M A Langley, R.N.) lately attacked a convoy of eight supply ships with torpedoes, two of which found their mark."

"His Majesty's submarine, Tuna (Lieut Commdr M. K. Cavanagh, Mawson, R.N.), reports the destruction of a large supply vessel screened by two enemy destroyers."

Among the oils, Burma shares advanced from 45 1/2d. to 40 3/4d. on maintenance of the interim dividend of 5 per cent.

Wall Street was irregular.

## STOCK EXCHANGE Gilt-Edged Holdings Rise Sharply In London

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Reuters).—On the Stock Exchange to-day, gilt-edged holdings attracted the majority of buyers, most prices rising sharply. Yen, fluctuated throughout the session but closed almost unchanged on the day.

Among the oils, Burma shares advanced from 45 1/2d. to 40 3/4d. on maintenance of the interim dividend of 5 per cent.

Wall Street was irregular.

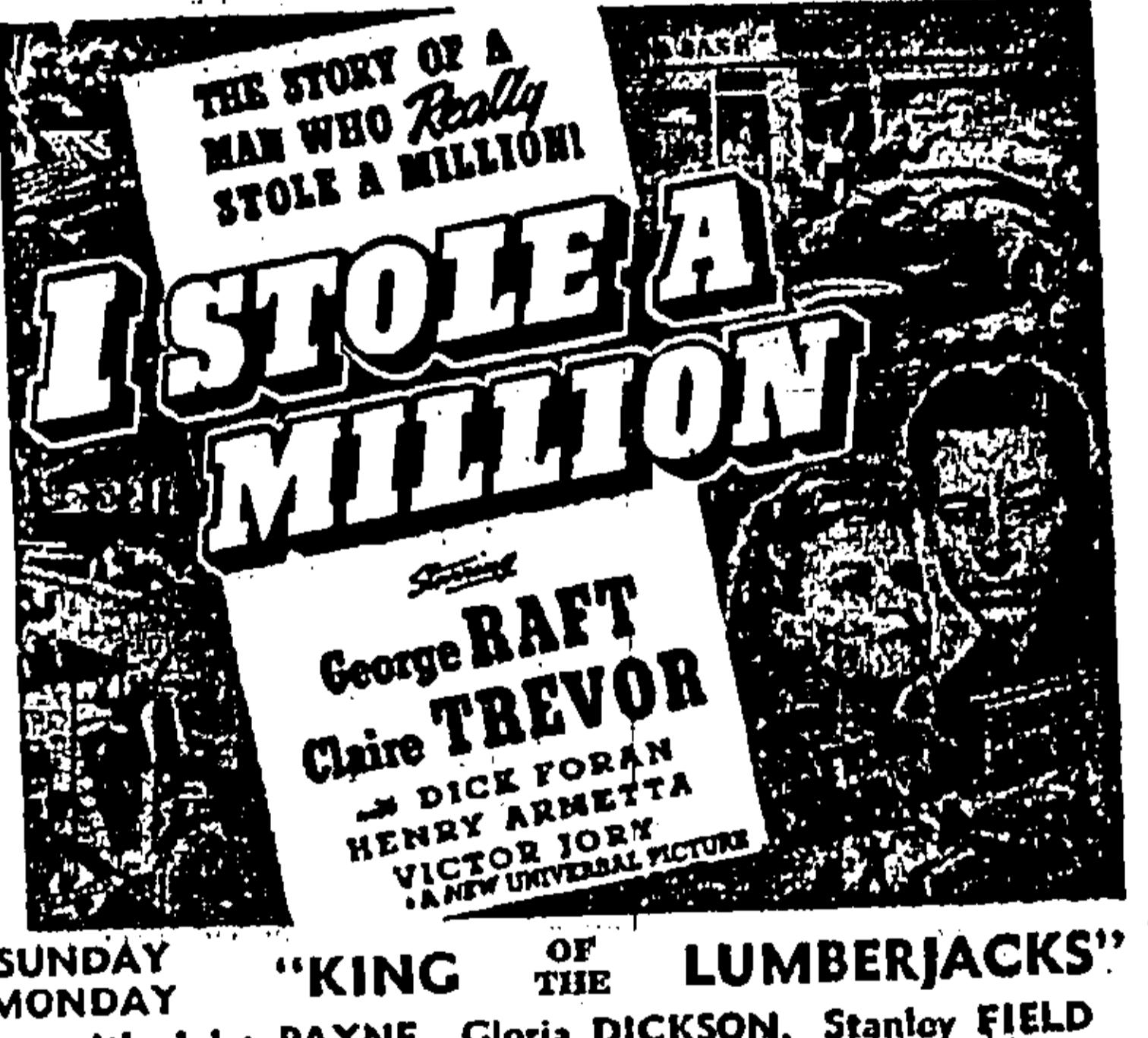
## ORIENTAL THEATRE

2 DAYS ONLY TO-DAY • TO-MORROW

HUNTED LIKE A BEAST OF PREY!

A whole nation cowered before the tiger fury of this million dollar bandit who stole for love and whose loot was bigger than his love.

THRILLING ACTION! RECKLESS ADVENTURE!



Dine, Wine & Dance  
at CHANTECLER  
176 - 178 NATHAN ROAD, KOWLOON. TEL. 50021.

Ingenohl's

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Obtainable at all  
Ingenohl's Cigar Stores "La Perla del Oriente" and other tobacconists

## ALHAMBRA THEATRE

NATHAN RD. KOWLOON DAILY AT 2.30 5.20 7.20 9.30 TEL. 56855

TO-DAY, FOR ONE DAY ONLY •



BING CROSBY - DOROTHY LAMOUR - BOB HOPE

"ROAD TO SINGAPORE"

A Paramount Picture

## QUEEN'S THEATRE

HONGKONG. DAILY AT 2.30-5.15-7.20-9.30 P.M. TEL. 314-53

TO-DAY ONLY •



BING CROSBY - DOROTHY LAMOUR - BOB HOPE

"ROAD TO SINGAPORE"

A Paramount Picture

## CATHAY

DAILY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20, 9.30 P.M.  
MATINEES 20c. 30c. 40c. 50c. 60c. 70c.

TO-DAY, ONE DAY ONLY •

THE FIRST JUNGLE PICTURE IN TECHNICOLOUR!  
Mysterious White Goddess of the jungle and famous English  
aviator in most amazing love adventure ever told!



COMMENCING TO-MORROW •

M-G-M's Glorious

Single-Performance Revival Week

28 M-G-M SUPER-PRODUCTIONS EACH  
FOR SINGLE-PERFORMANCE ONLY!  
FOR TO-MORROW

At 2.30: "VIVA VILLA"

At 7.20: "FRA DIAVOLO"

At 5.20: "THE FIREFLY"

At 9.30: "MUTINY ON THE BOUNTY"

CENTRAL DAILY AT 12.30, 2.30, 5.15, 7.20  
and 9.30 p.m.  
PRICES: 45 cts., 55 cts., 80 cts.

CAR PARK - JERVIS STREET  
Take Bus No. 4 or 5 going west, 3 min. from stop opposite Queen's

FINAL SHOWING TO-DAY

A 1st Run Picture.

"NIGHTINGALE"

EXCITING & THRILLS!

A first U.S.S.R. Picture in all Technicolour!

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